COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

PREPARED BY:

FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION MARGUERITE S. CARROLL CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

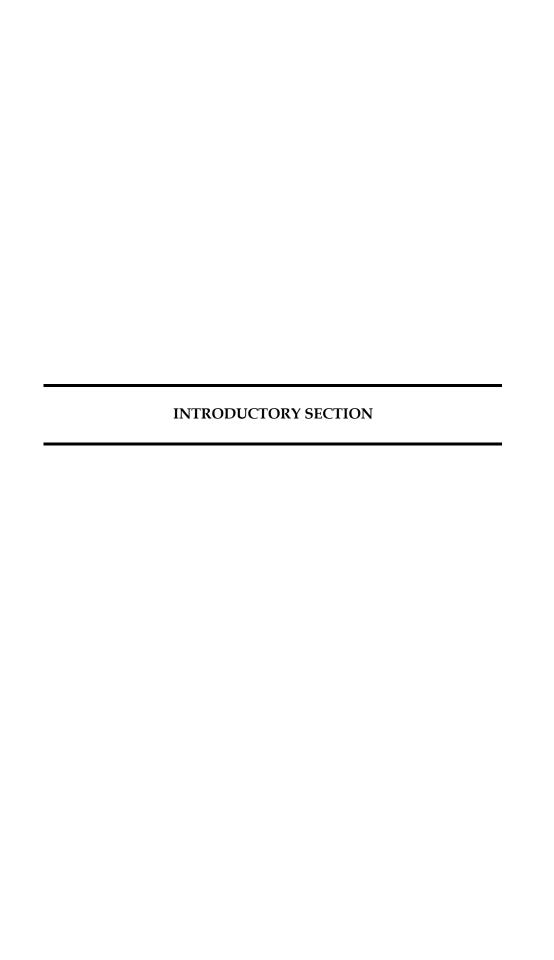
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SIDNEY F. THOMPSON, CHAIRMAN BENJY A. HARDEE, VICE CHAIRMAN JOHN C. GRIGGS, SECRETARY ARNOLD T. JOHNSON, MEMBER J. LISTON WELLS, MEMBER ROBERT M. FLOYD, JR., MEMBER WILBUR M. JAMES, MEMBER DAVID F. SINGLETON, MEMBER ROBERT L. RABON, MEMBER

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

FRED R. RICHARDSON



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September 28, 2009

Mr. Sidney F. Thompson, Chairman Board of Directors Mr. Fred R. Richardson, Chief Executive Officer Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority Conway, South Carolina

Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority (GSWSA) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 is submitted for your review. This report was prepared by GSWSA's financial staff and external auditors, and conforms to the guidelines of the Governmental Finance Officers Association and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rest with GSWSA. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly state the financial position and results of operations of GSWSA as measured by the financial activity; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of GSWSA's financial affairs have been included.

Smith, Sapp, Bookhout, Crumpler & Calliham, P.A. have audited the accompanying financial statements, and their unqualified opinion resulting from their audit is included in this comprehensive annual financial report. As part of their audit, Smith, Sapp, Bookhout, Crumpler & Calliham, P.A., examined on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessed the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluated the overall financial statement presentation.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. GSWSA's MD&A can be found in the Financial Section of the audit immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is reflective of GSWSA's continued emphasis on professional financial planning and management.

PROFILE OF GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

GSWSA is a Special Purpose District. It was created pursuant to provisions of Act 337 enacted during the 1971 Session of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina as a body politic and corporate. The principal functions of GSWSA are to acquire supplies of fresh water capable of being used for industrial and domestic purposes, to distribute such water for industrial and domestic use within its service area and to build, acquire, construct, operate and maintain such sewerage treatment and collection facilities as GSWSA deems necessary. The service area of GSWSA includes all of the area in Horry County except those areas served by municipalities and/or private water and/or sewer companies. It is located in the northeastern portion of the State of South Carolina. It also provides sewer service to the Town of Sellers which is also located in South Carolina. GSWSA provides limited sewer service to Tabor City and Columbus County, North Carolina through contractual agreements it has reached with these entities.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for GSWSA's financial planning and control. The Board of Directors is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget and adopt a final budget no later than June 30th of each year. GSWSA does a rolling two-year budget.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The service area of GSWSA continues to remain stable, which reflects continued growth of the area. Horry County continues to be a major retirement area; however, the local tourism industry has slowed as a result of the national economy. The County still ranks first among the 46 counties in the State in tourism. It also ranks first in the State in production of tobacco, second in the production of oats, and fourth in overall crop production. The County ranks 3rd in the State in delivered value of timber.

The local economy served by GSWSA has seen a decline but remained steady during fiscal year 2009. The monthly average of submittals for new developer projects requiring water and sewer service was down from 17.5 projects in fiscal year 2008 to 9.7 projects in 2009. These projects submitted in 2009 will account for over a monthly average of 155 Residential Equivalent Units (REUs). While this is a 65% decline from the monthly average of 446 REUs submitted in 2008. The number of new developer project submittals and REUs are lower than most recent historical data and the local economy continues to remain steady growth. Assets contributed to GSWSA by developers during 2009 were \$18.8 million dollars.

Reflecting the growth of the county in general, GSWSA's growth remains steady, with economic indicators reinforcing continuing residential and commercial development. The GSWSA service area remains strong in part due to its diversity, led by tourism and agriculture. In summary, GSWSA's financial stability is a direct reflection of the continued economic growth of the area and the Board of Director's commitment to provide quality service at the most affordable rates.

MAJOR INIATIVES FOR THE YEAR

The GSWSA spent over \$6 million in its Rural Water and Sewer program to extend water and sewer lines to the rural community of Horry County during 2009. The waterline hydraulic improvement on Hwy 17 By-Pass from Hwy 544 to Glenns Bay Road was completed at a total cost over \$1.3 million, and the Conway Wastewater Treatment Plant was upgraded and expanded at a cost of \$3.5 million. The Myrtle Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant is also being expanded to 22.4 million gallons a day. During 2009 GSWSA spent over \$8 million to date on this expansion. GSWSA also spent \$1.3 million to construct a new 500,000 gallon elevated water storage tank in the Carolina Forest Area, and a sewer force main was extended into the Columbus County service area for approximately \$1 million. GSWSA spent approximately \$2 million to build two new facilities a warehouse and equipment storage facility and a fleet and equipment maintenance facility.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The cooperation of surrounding governmental jurisdictions has enabled Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority to continue its efforts as a regional provider of water and sewer services. GSWSA purchased the City of Myrtle Beach Water and Wastewater Treatment Plants and is looking at various options to upgrade existing water and wastewater facilities over the next few years to meet growing customer needs.

GSWSA completed its 2025 Capital Improvement Plan in 2005 and plans to update it during 2010. It also annually does a comprehensive review of its rates, fees and charges to maintain a sufficient and equitable cost recovery system. GSWSA has established the Rate Stabilization Reserve and the Water and Wastewater Impact accounts to stabilize rates and to ensure long-term financial stability.

GSWSA has a policy of rate stability with gradual adjustments over time. A Rate Stabilization Reserve Account was established with the purpose of ensuring stable rates during extraordinary circumstances such as natural disasters, a downturn in the economy, or other unforeseen contingencies affecting the revenue stream. This account is funded through the difference of actual revenues and expenses from budgeted amounts.

GSWSA's systematic and disciplined approach to funding the Rate Stabilization Reserve account is believed to be necessary and prudent. This substantial reserve can serve to significantly lessen the financial impact of any sudden loss of revenue or operating capability and the adverse rate increases which would normally accompany such losses.

The Water and Wastewater Impact Account was established to maintain capital reserve funds in excess of ongoing capital project expenses. Regular water and wastewater impact fees are used to recover the costs of capital improvements in the water and wastewater systems primarily associated with increasing capacity. A customer's impact fee is based on his residential equivalent unit (REU) factor multiplied by the Impact Fee Unit Charge (per REU). Impact fees apply to all retail service connections. Impact fees are divided into two categories, regular and special area impact fees. Special area impact

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING (continued)

fees apply to those areas that have been so designated due to additional capital costs required to provide facilities in those areas.

As a matter of organizational philosophy, GSWSA will continue to explore and implement innovative programs which will allow it to meet the area's water and wastewater needs in an efficient and environmentally safe manner. The challenge of meeting the utility needs of a 1,208 square mile service area of which only approximately 32% is developed requires continued pursuit of these objectives.

INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

Management of GSWSA is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the GSWSA are protected from loss, theft, or misuses. It must also ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should ordinarily not exceed the benefits to be derived and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a part of the GSWSA's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including those controls related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the GSWSA has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The result of the GSWSA's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or material violations of applicable laws and regulations.

In addition, the GSWSA maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by GSWSA's Board of Directors. The GSWSA prepares a two year Operating & Capital Annual Budgets document. The Operating Budget is adopted on a basis that approximates generally accepted accounting principles except for debt service payments and capital expenses that are budgeted on a cash basis and the recognition of contributed capital as operating revenues or capital budget funding sources depending on their nature. The budgets are managed by each Chief with overall control and management being exercised by the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). Line item accounts within each department are monitored by the Chief Financial Officer so that departments do not overspend.

The Capital Budget is prepared on the cash basis. Capital projects for water and wastewater plants and systems, and general, engineering and other support capital assets construction and improvements are funded from contributed capital (i.e. federal grants, developer system contributions, and certain impact fees), revenue bonds, state revolving loan and other debt proceeds, special fees, investment income, and depreciation and replacement reserve accounts funded via operating revenues. Capital projects are

INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE (continued)

budgeted over the projected term of construction or improvement, thus such term may exceed the budget period presented in the budget document.

The GSWSA also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year end and are reinstated against the following year's appropriation.

The major budget policies of GSWSA are as follows:

- 1. GSWSA will have a balanced budget.
- 2. The CEO is authorized to transfer appropriations between departments and divisions in the current Operating Budget.
- 3. Transfers of appropriations between capital projects in the Capital Budget may be authorized by the Board of Directors by resolution.
- 4. All unexpended and uncommitted appropriations in the current Operating Budget remaining at the end of the fiscal year lapse. No appropriation for a capital project in the Capital Budget lapses until the project scope has been accomplished or abandoned.

CASH MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The GSWSA's Finance Department operates under a comprehensive policy on cash management and investments. The policy recognizes the need to make optimum use of idle funds. At the same time, it acknowledges the necessity, (1) to limit interest rate risk and control credit risks, (2) to avoid the risk of significant depreciation of investment value due to market volatility, (3) to maintain liquidity sufficient to fund current operations.

The objectives of the policy, in order of priority, are preservation of capital, liquidity or cash equivalence and the achievement of maximum income and investment return. Toward these ends, all investments are fully registered in the name of GSWSA, or fully insured or collateralized by the pledge of securities of the investment institutions' own portfolio. Pledged securities are required to be direct obligations of the United States Treasury or its agencies, obligations of the State of South Carolina or obligations of political subdivisions of the State of South Carolina.

GSWSA invests through various investment advisors, in a pool managed by the State Treasurer, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, guaranteed investment contracts and United States or State of South Carolina general obligations. All cash is invested in accordance with South Carolina state statues. The average yield on all investments during 2009 was 6.07%. The market value of investments at June 30, 2009 was equal to the carrying value.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The GSWSA provides a comprehensive risk management program. This program has two main objectives. First, to ensure a safe environment for GSWSA employees and for members of the public who utilize services provided by GSWSA. Secondly, to develop an effective accident prevention program, thereby reducing the costs of both accidents and insurance. Various risk control techniques, including employee accident prevention training via the GSWSA's Safety Manager, have been ongoing during the year to Third-party coverage is currently maintained for minimize accident related losses. workers' compensation claims and all other potential losses. A blanket fidelity bond in the amount of \$75,000 per employee covers all Authority employees. Tort liability covers all acts or incidents on behalf of GSWSA and its employees. All vehicles are covered with liability, collision and comprehensive insurance and buildings are covered Equipment is covered against property damage with fire and extended coverage. through Inland Marine and Data Processing coverage. GSWSA provides health insurance for every regular full time employee with dependent coverage available through payroll deduction.

PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority is a member of the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) and the South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission. These two systems administer GSWSA's pension and deferred compensation plans. GSWSA provides medical insurance coverage for employees and Board Members and also for employees retiring through the SCRS.

GSWSA also provides post employment healthcare benefits as mandated by Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act. GSWSA has established a Trust with BB&T as part of the implementation of GASB Statement No.43, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Trust is the administrator of those contributions made to the Trust to provide current as well as future health and dental care benefits to retirees of GSWSA and their dependents. For more detailed information on these programs, see footnote 9.

INDEPENDENT ANNUAL AUDIT

State Statues require an annual audit of the financial records, transactions, and an internal control evaluation by independent certified public accountants. The accompanying financial statements were audited by the GSWSA's independent Certified Public Accountants, Smith, Sapp, Bookhout, Crumpler & Calliham, P. A. Their unqualified report on the financial statement is included in the financial section of this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to GSWSA for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This was the 20th year that GSWSA applied for and received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, GSWSA had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report had to satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. It is felt GSWSA's current comprehensive annual financial report, which is being submitted again for consideration, should continue to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements.

Preparation of this report on a timely basis was accomplished through the dedicated efforts of the Accounting Department staff under the guidance of Rickey H. King, CMA. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Division, other Authority employees, and Smith, Sapp, Bookhout, Crumpler & Calliham, P.A. who assisted and contributed to its preparation.

Appreciation is also expressed to all Board Members, Chiefs and the entire staff, as well as you two gentlemen for assistance through the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of GSWSA.

Respectfully submitted,

Marguerite S. Carroll, CGFM

Vonerite Carroll

Chief Financial Officer

MSC

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

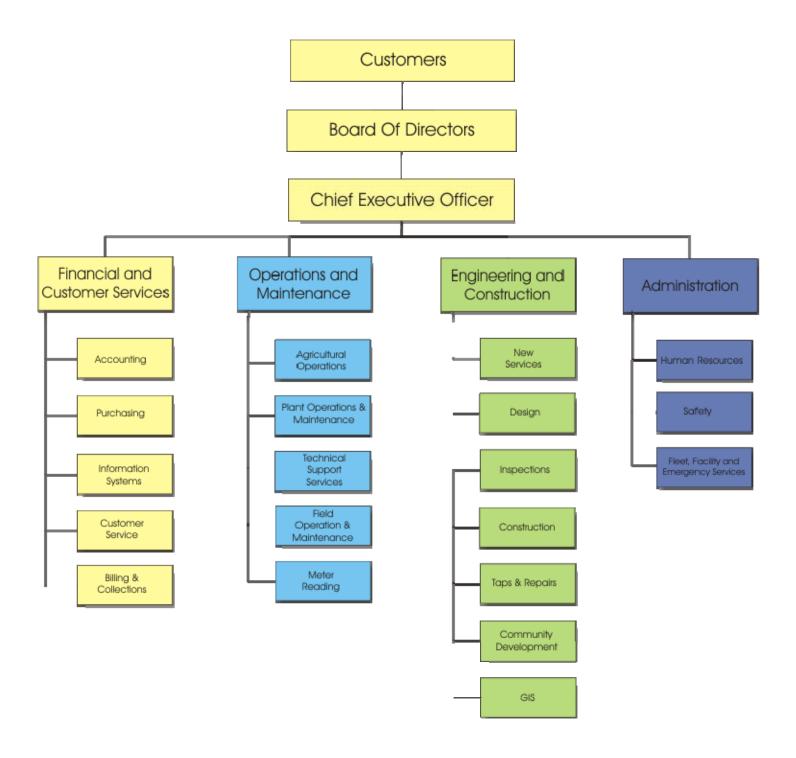
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President

Executive Director

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY Functional Organizational Chart



GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2009

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

<u>Name</u>	Date Term Expires
Sidney F. Thompson, Chairman	August 20, 2011
Benjy A. Hardee, Vice Chairman	August 15, 2015
John C. Griggs, Secretary	August 15, 2009
Arnold T. Johnson	August 15, 2015
J. Liston Wells	August 15, 2011
Robert M. "Bert" Floyd, Jr.	August 15, 2013
Wilbur M. James	August 15, 2013
David F. Singleton	August 15, 2013
Robert L. Rabon	August 15, 2011

MANAGEMENT

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

Fred R. Richardson

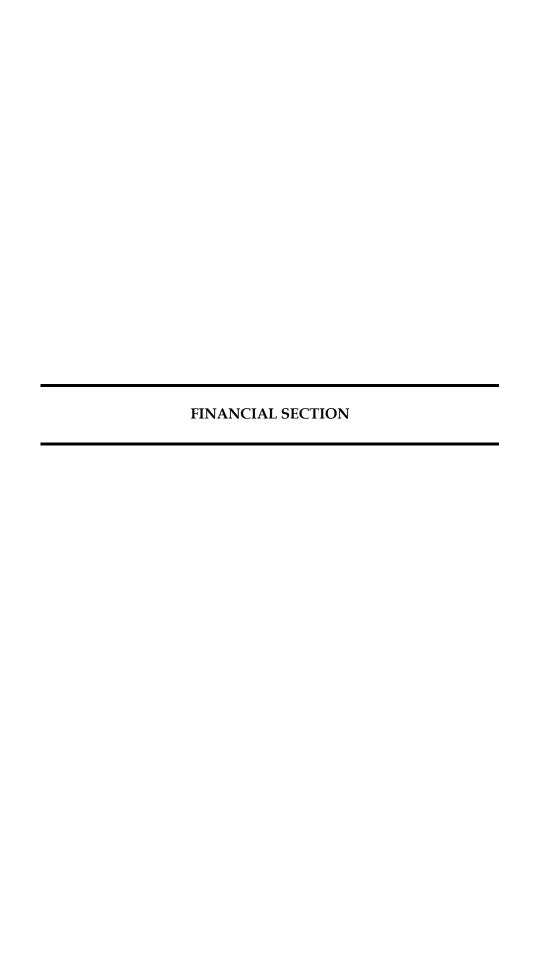
Marguerite S. Carroll

Irvin D. Wooley

Chief of Utility Operations

Christina S. Everett

Chief of Engineering and Construction





Professional Association Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

MYRTLE BEACH

4728 Jenn Drive Suite 100 Myrtle Beach, SC 29577

Phone (843) 448-8334 Fax (843) 626-7363 www.sccpa.com

CONWAY

1109 Main Street Suite A Conway, SC 29526

Phone (843) 248-5284 Fax (843) 381-0027 www.sccpa.com

PAWLEYS ISLAND

201 Business Center Drive Suite B Pawleys Island, SC 29585

Phone (843) 237-3453 Fax (843) 237-4809 www.sccpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority Conway, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business activity of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the aggregate fund information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the basic financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business activity of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the aggregate fund information as of June 30, 2009, and respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2009, on our consideration of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to disclose the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and on pages 3-13 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion thereon.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section, section of schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenses of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis

as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority. The section of schedules and the schedule of expenses of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

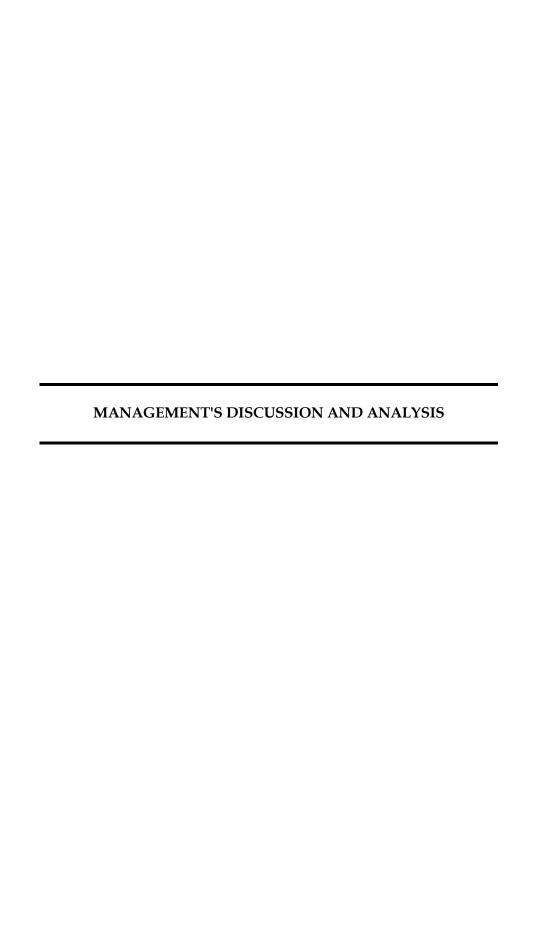
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Professional Association

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Myrtle Beach, South Carolina September 23, 2009



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

This section presents management's analysis of GSWSA's financial condition and activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. This information should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal and the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Management believes GSWSA's financial condition is strong. It is well within its debt covenants and the more stringent financial policies and guidelines set by the Board. The following are financial highlights for Fiscal Years 2009 and 2008.

- The overall financial condition of the GSWSA improved during the year ended June 30, 2009. Total assets at June 30, 2009 were over \$663 million and exceeded liabilities in the amount of \$429.9 million (i.e. net assets). Of the total net assets, \$92.8 million is unrestricted. Total assets increased from fiscal year end 2008 to 2009 by \$30.5 million and total liabilities increased by approximately \$10 million.
- ➤ Total assets at June 30, 2008 were over \$632.7 million and exceeded liabilities in the amount of \$409.4 million (i.e. net assets). Of the total net assets, \$88.9 million was unrestricted. Total assets increased from fiscal year end 2007 to 2008 by \$56.5 million and total liabilities increased \$9 million.
- At fiscal years ending 2009 and 2008, debt service coverage was 167% and 247%, respectively; which exceeds the 110% required by the Bond covenant.
- In fiscal year 2009, operating revenues were \$59.9 million, down from 2008 approximately \$2.4 million or 3.8%. In fiscal year 2008, operating revenues were \$62.2 million, up from 2007 by \$3.8 million or 6.6%. During 2009 the decrease in revenues was due to the decrease in water and wastewater usage and taps installed.
- ➤ In fiscal year 2009, operating expenses before depreciation increased \$4.7 million or 12.7% compared to fiscal year 2008. Operating expenses including depreciation increased \$7.2 million or 13.2%. These increases were a result of the increase in chemicals and electrical costs needed to treat water and wastewater and the larger than normal increase in depreciation during 2009.
- ➤ In fiscal year 2008, operating expenses before depreciation increased \$1.6 million or 4.4% compared to fiscal year 2007. Operating expenses including depreciation increased \$3.6 million or 7.1%. This increase was a result of the increase in water and wastewater services provided during 2008.
- ➤ The operating loss for fiscal year 2009 was \$1.87 million representing a 1.24% decrease from fiscal year 2008. The change in net assets, before and after capital contributions, decreased \$10.9 and \$27 million dollars respectively from 2008.
- ➤ Operating income for fiscal year 2008 was \$7.7 million representing a 3.3% increase from fiscal year 2007. The change in net assets, before and after capital contributions, increased \$1.6 million and \$550,044, respectively from 2007.
- > Ratios of operating revenues to total operating expenses were .97 for 2009 and 1.14 for 2008.
- ➤ Cash capital contributions in 2009 were \$3.6 million, a decrease of 48% compared to year 2008. Developer contributions of facilities were \$18.8 million, a decrease of 41.8% from 2008.
- ➤ Cash capital contributions in 2008 were \$6.95 million, a decrease of 29.2% compared to year 2007. Developer contributions of facilities were \$32.4 million, an increase of 6 % from 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Financial Highlights (continued)

- ➤ GSWSA treated and distributed over 14.5 billion gallons of water and collected and treated 9.93 billion gallons of wastewater, representing a decrease from fiscal year 2008 of 7.2% for water and an increase in wastewater of 6.4%. Water consumption was down in all customer classes during 2009. Higher usage by contract and wholesale wastewater customers accounted for the wastewater increase. Usage by wastewater retail customers was also down from 2008.
- During 2009, GSWSA added a net of 173 water and wastewater new customers resulting in a net of 359 water and 321 wastewater residential equivalent units. During fiscal year 2008, GSWSA added 2,163 new customers resulting in 2,366 water and 2,141 wastewater residential equivalent units. The decrease in new customers and residential equivalent units added were a result of the economy.

Overview of Annual Financial Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements and supplementary information. Financial statements can be found on pages 14 to 47 of this report.

The financial statements report information about GSWSA using full accrual accounting methods; similar to those used by similar business activities in the private sector. However, GSWSA does not use rate-regulated accounting principles applicable to private sector utilities since it is a governmental utility. All activities of GSWSA are accounted for in a single proprietary (enterprise) fund.

The financial statements include a balance sheet, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, a statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements. The balance sheet presents the financial position of GSWSA on the accrual basis. While the balance sheet provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents the results of the business activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net assets changed during the year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This statement also provides certain information about GSWSA's recovery of its costs. GSWSA's rates are based on a cost of service rate study that was completed in 2008 and is updated annually. Rate setting policies use different methods of cost recovery not fully provided for by generally accepted accounting standards. The primary objectives of the rate model are to provide equity among customer classes and to ensure that capital costs are allocated on the basis of long-term capacity needs, ensuring that growth pays for itself.

The statement of cash flows presents changes in cash and cash equivalents, resulting from operational, financing and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information, without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises or depreciation of capital assets.

The notes to the financial statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about GSWSA's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any. Supplementary information such as important debt coverage data is provided.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Overview of Annual Financial Report (continued)

The financial statements were prepared by GSWSA's staff from the detailed books and records of GSWSA. The financial statements were audited and adjusted, if material, during the independent external audit process.

Financial Analysis

The following comparative condensed financial statements and other selected information serve as the key financial data and indicators for management, monitoring and planning.

Condensed Balance Sheet

	2009	2008	Variance \$	Variance %	2007	Variance \$	Variance %
Current Assets	\$97,000,101	\$92,062,590	\$4,937,511	5.4%	\$84,931,812	\$7,130,778	8.4%
Noncurrent Assets							
Restricted Assets Capital assets	\$37,656,807	\$36,047,559	\$1,609,248	4.5%	\$35,773,480	\$274,079	0.8%
Producing Assets	\$517,219,201	\$496,291,013	\$20,928,188	4.2%	\$440,666,731	\$55,624,282	12.6%
Construction in Progress	9,806,285	6,721,189	3,085,096	45.9%	13,235,420	(6,514,231)	-49.2%
Other Assets	1,504,223	1,546,257	(42,034)	-2.7%	1,559,607	(13,350)	-0.9%
Total Assets	\$663,186,617	\$632,668,608	\$30,518,009	4.8%	\$576,167,050	\$56,501,558	9.8%
Current Liabilities	\$22,285,216	\$23,657,058	(\$1,371,842)	-5.8%	\$18,698,845	\$4,958,213	26.5%
Long Term Liabilities	\$210,956,656	\$199,593,037	\$11,363,619	5.7%	\$195,578,655	\$4,014,382	2.1%
Total Liabilities	\$233,241,872	\$223,250,095	\$9,991,777	4.5%	\$214,277,500	\$8,972,595	4.2%
Net Assets							
Net Invested in Capital Ass	ets						
Net of Related Debt	\$304,616,508	\$289,803,143	\$14,813,365	5.1%	\$249,401,693	\$40,401,450	16.2%
Restricted for Capital Activ		\$207,005,115	Ψ11,015,505	5.170	Ψ2 19, 101,093	ψ10,101,130	10.270
Debt Service, & Rate	-57						
Stabilization	32,535,508	30,716,584	1,818,924	5.9%	30,231,725	484,859	1.6%
Unrestricted	92,792,729	88,898,786	3,893,943	4.4%	82,256,132	6,642,654	8.1%
Total Net Assets	\$429,944,745	\$409,418,513	\$20,526,232	5.0%	\$361,889,550	\$47,528,963	13.1%
Total Liabilities &							
Net Assets	\$663,186,617	\$632,668,608	\$30,518,009	4.8%	\$576,167,050	\$56,501,558	9.8%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Financial Analysis (continued)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	2009	2008	Variance \$	Variance %	2007	Variance \$	Variance %
Revenues							
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$56,975,593	\$58,056,010	(\$1,080,417)	-1.9%	\$53,936,482	\$4,119,528	7.6%
Other Revenue	2,896,017	4,206,164	(1,310,147)	-31.1%	4,481,476	(275,312)	-6.1%
Nonoperating Revenue:							
Investment Income	6,962,758	8,128,067	(1,165,309)	-14.3%	6,200,184	1,927,883	31.1%
Other Revenue							
Gain (Loss) on Disposal							
of Capital Assets	(51,610)	(1,037)	(50,573)	4876.9%	48,862	(49,899)	102.1%
Capital Contributions	25,198,062	41,308,314	(16,110,252)	-39.0%	42,345,067	(1,036,753)	-2.4%
Total Revenues	\$91,980,820	\$111,697,518	(\$19,716,698)	-17.7%	\$107,012,071	\$4,685,447	4.4%
Expenses							
Operating Expenses							
Before Depreciation	\$41,885,058	\$37,155,955	\$4,729,103	12.7%	\$35,597,318	\$1,558,637	4.4%
Depreciation	19,860,538	17,400,238	2,460,300	14.1%	15,363,404	2,036,834	13.3%
Nonoperating Expenses:	. , ,	.,,	,,		- , ,	,,	
Amortization of Deferre	d						
Bond Costs	122,554	113,717	8,837	7.8%	111,962	1,755	1.6%
Interest Expense	9,586,438	9,498,645	87,793	0.9%	8,960,468	538,177	6.0%
Total Expenses	\$71,454,588	\$64,168,555	\$7,286,033	11.4%	\$60,033,152	\$4,135,403	6.9%
Increase in Net Assets	\$20,526,232	\$47,528,963	(\$27,002,731)	-56.8%	\$46,978,919	\$550,044	1.2%
Beginning Net Assets	\$409,418,513	\$361,889,550	\$47,528,963	13.1%	\$314,910,631	\$46,978,919	14.9%
Ending Net Assets	\$429,944,745	\$409,418,513	\$20,526,232	5.0%	\$361,889,550	\$47,528,963	13.1%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Financial Analysis (continued)

Selected Data for Analysis

	2009	2008	Variance Amount	Variance %	2007	Variance Amount	Variance
Employees at Year End	268	265	3	1.1%	258	7	2.7%
Customers at Year End: Water Customers Wastewater Customers	60,442 57,192	60,231 57,009	211 183	0.4% 0.3%	58,349 55,389	1,882 1,620	3.2% 2.9%
Water Sales for Fiscal Year (Billions of Gallons)	14.50	15.63	(1.13)	-7.2%	14.21	1.42	10.0%
Wastewater Sales for Fiscal Year (Billions of Gallons)	9.93	9.33	0.60	6.4%	8.78	0.55	6.3%
Total Operating Revenues (Per Average Employees)	\$223,401.53	\$234,951.60	(\$11,550.07)	-4.9%	\$226,426.19	\$8,525.41	3.8%
Total Operating Expenses (Per Average Employees)	\$230,394.01	\$205,872.43	\$24,521.59	11.9%	\$197,522.18	\$8,350.25	4.2%
Ratio of Operating Revenues to: Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Net of	0.970	1.141	-0.172	-15.04%	1.146	-0.005	-0.44%
Depreciation Total Assets	1.429 0.090	1.676 0.098	-0.246 -0.008	-14.70% -8.26%	1.641 0.101	0.035 -0.003	2.11% -2.94%
Debt Related Ratios: Debt to Net Assets Operating Coverage	0.542	0.545	-0.003	-0.51%	0.592	-0.047	-7.91%
(Operating Cash Flow/Debt)	0.083	0.115	-0.032	-27.62%	0.096	0.019	19.86%

General Trends and Significant Events

Weather temperatures during fiscal year 2009 were generally normal for the seasons. It was a little cooler during the summer than normal and it rained quite a bit more than it did in fiscal year 2008. Overall it has rained 14.77 inches or 36.5% more than 2008. The increase in rain and the state of the local and national economy resulted in lower water usage than 2008.

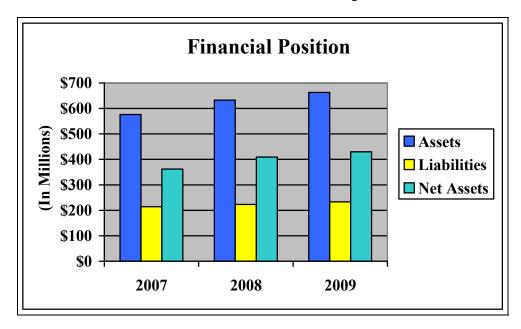
The volume of water sold in fiscal year 2009 was 14.5 billion gallons, a decrease of 7.2% from fiscal year 2008. Retail customers purchased 35% of the total water sold and the wholesale customers purchased 65%.

The volume of treated wastewater sold in fiscal year 2009 was 9.93 billion gallons, an increase of 6.4% from fiscal year 2008. GSWSA's wholesale wastewater customers actually produced more wastewater in 2009 than in 2008. Retail customers purchased 54% and wholesale customers purchased 46% of the total treated wastewater.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Financial Condition

GSWSA's financial condition remained strong at year-end with adequate liquid assets, reliable plants and systems to meet demand, and a reasonable level of unrestricted net assets. The current financial condition, technical support staff capabilities and operating and expansion plans to meet anticipated customer needs, are well balanced and enables the GSWSA to meet customer needs now and well into the future. The following charts summarize the balance sheet.



During fiscal year 2009, total assets grew \$30.5 million or 4.8% with approximately \$24 million represented by additions to capital assets. Net assets increased \$20.5 million, with substantially all of the change resulting from capital contributions restricted to capital activity and debt service. Unrestricted net assets increased \$3.9 million or 4.4%.

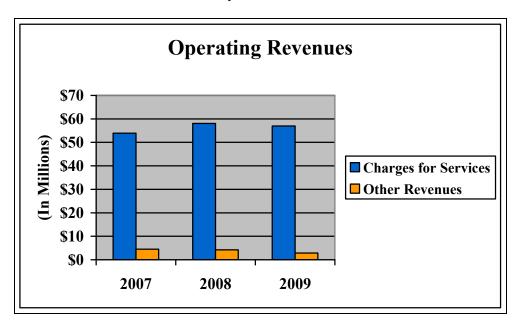
During fiscal year 2008, total assets grew \$56.5 million or 9.8% with \$49.1 million represented by additions to capital assets. Net assets increased \$47.5 million, with substantially all of the change resulting from capital contributions restricted to capital activity and debt service. Unrestricted net assets increased approximately \$6.6 million or 8.1%.

Accounts receivable at year-end, 2009, decreased by approximately \$1.3 from year-end 2008. Accounts receivable at June 30, 2008 were more than year-end 2007 by \$209,542. The 2009 decrease is due mainly to the decrease in retail and wholesale water and wastewater volume sales.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Results of Operations

Operating Revenues: Revenues from operations fall into two general categories: (1) charges for services, which Include: water and wastewater volume, and availability fees, customer charges, surface water treatment plant charges, tap fees, sod sales and (2) other revenues, which includes: timber sales, engineering fees and miscellaneous fees. GSWSA has three classes of water and wastewater customers: wholesale, residential and commercial. The following chart depicts GSWSA revenues for the last three fiscal years.



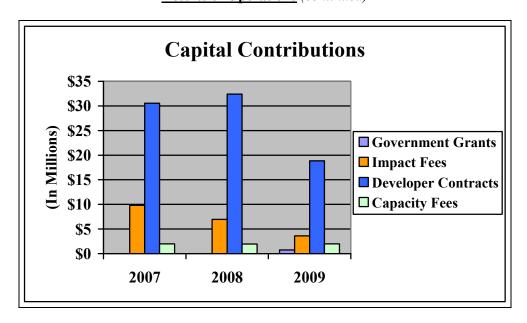
GSWSA did not increase retail water and retail wastewater rates in 2009. It did increase wholesale water rates by 5.5% from \$.73 to \$.77 and wholesale wastewater rates were increased by various percentages as specified by contract. During 2008, GSWSA increased retail water rates by 3.9% and retail wastewater rates by 5.5%. It also increased wholesale water rates by 7.35% from \$.68 to \$.73 and wholesale wastewater rates increased by various percentages as specified by contract. During fiscal year 2007, GSWSA did not increase retail water or wastewater rates. However, it did increase wholesale water rates by 6.3% from \$.64 to \$.68 and wholesale wastewater rates by various percentages as specified by contract.

Capital Contributions: GSWSA collects water and wastewater capacity fees in order to ensure that current customers do not bear the burden of growth. These fees are paid by new customers and represent on a residential equivalent unit basis the cost of the water and/or wastewater capacity represented by the new account. Most of these fees are paid in blocks of capacity purchased by residential and commercial real estate developers and wholesale customers. Prior to GASB 34 implementation, the money and system assets received were recorded as direct contributions to the equity. GASB 34 defines these fees as non-operating revenues and requires reporting the amounts through the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. GSWSA restricts the use of capacity fee revenue to capital investment in its system. GSWSA received the additions to its collection and distribution systems from developers.

The following chart depicts the capacity fee revenue activity.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Results of Operations (continued)



Cash capital contributions (impact fees) were over \$3.6 million for 2009 compared to \$6.95 million for 2008. Contributions were down in direct proportion to the decrease in the number of new customers added during 2009.

Cash capital contributions (impact fees) were \$6.95 million for 2008 compared to \$9.8 million for 2007. Contributions were down in direct proportion to the decrease in the number of new customers added during 2008.

Expenses: GSWSA operates and maintains a potable water treatment and distribution system and a wastewater collection and treatment system. The water production occurs at its 40 and 45 million gallon per day surface water treatment plants. GSWSA has backup wells to use for peak management. The wastewater system includes nine wastewater treatment plants that range in size from 10,000 gallons per day to 19.5 million gallons per day.

Total operating expenses of GSWSA increased approximately \$7.2 million over fiscal year 2008, and operating revenues decreased by approximately \$2.4 million. Operating expenses for water and wastewater operations for the last three years are listed below:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Results of Operations (continued)

Operating Expenses

	2009	%	2008	%	Variance	2007	%	Variance
Danis and Carte	¢17,072,122	26.00/	¢14.442.046	26.40/	¢1 (20 207	e12.5(2.2(4	24.70/	¢1 001 402
Personnel Costs	\$16,072,133	26.0%	\$14,443,846	26.4%	\$1,628,287	\$12,562,364	24.7%	\$1,881,482
Contractual Services	12,840,165	20.8%	10,885,255	20.0%	1,954,910	10,925,712	21.4%	(40,457)
Supplies and Materials	10,588,022	17.1%	9,785,172	17.9%	802,850	9,951,269	19.5%	(166,097)
Business and Travel Expenses	155,152	0.3%	156,152	0.3%	(1,000)	110,575	0.2%	45,577
Depreciation and Amortization	19,860,538	32.2%	17,400,238	31.9%	2,460,300	15,363,404	30.2%	2,036,834
Other Expenses	2,229,586	3.6%	1,885,530	3.5%	344,056	2,047,398	4.0%	(161,868)
Total Operating Expenses	\$61,745,596	100.0%	\$54,556,193	100.0%	\$7,189,403	\$50,960,722	100.0%	\$3,595,471

Personnel costs increased \$1,628,287 or 11.3% from 2008 to 2009. GSWSA granted an average merit increase of 4% during 2009 and the number of employees increased from 265 to 268. The increase in personnel costs was a result mainly of the merit, other post employment benefits and health insurance rate increases. Contractual services increased \$1,954,910 or 18%, primarily as a result of electrical costs associated with water and wastewater treatment. Supplies and materials also increased \$802,850 or 8.2% due to an increase in chemicals needed to treat the water and a decrease in facilities repair costs. Depreciation and amortization was up \$2,460,300 or 14.1% due to addition of assets during fiscal year 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009. Other expenses were up by \$344,056 or 18.2% in 2009 due to more costs being allocated as overhead to the wholesale customers.

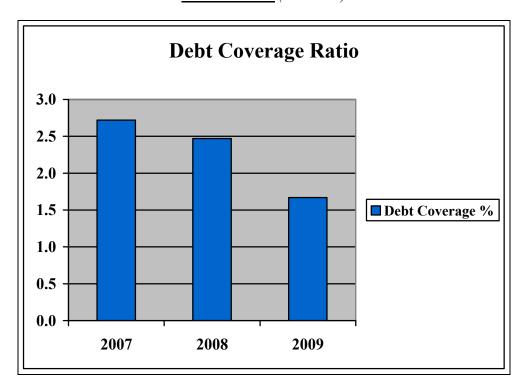
Personnel costs increased \$1,881,482 or 15% from 2007 to 2008. GSWSA granted an average merit increase of 4% during 2008 and the number of employees increased from 258 to 265. The increase in personnel costs was a result mainly of the merit and health insurance rate increases. Contractual services decreased \$40,457 or .37%, primarily as a result of equipment insurance rate decreases and a reduction in leases and facilities maintenance costs. Supplies and materials also decreased \$166,097 or 1.67% due to a reduction in chemical and facilities repair costs. Depreciation and amortization was up \$2,036,834 or 13.3% due to addition of assets during fiscal year 2006, 2007 and 2008. Other expenses were down by \$161,868 or 7.9% in 2008 due to less costs being allocated as overhead to the wholesale customers.

Rate Covenant

In the Bond Resolution, GSWSA covenants and agrees that it will, at all times, prescribe and maintain and thereafter collect rates and charges for the services and facilities furnished by GSWSA, together with other income, that will yield annual Net Earnings in the fiscal year equal to at least one hundred ten percent (110%) of the sum of the annual debt service payments. Net earnings for debt service are defined as gross revenue including customer impact fees, less operating expenses adjusted for depreciation. The rate covenant in the Bond Resolution obligates GSWSA to review rates not less than once a year and to revise such rates and charges as necessary to meet the coverage test. Revenue bond debt service coverage for fiscal years 2007, 2008 and 2009 were 272%, 247% and 167%, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

Rate Covenant (continued)



Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

GSWSA invested \$48.6 million in plant and equipment during 2009. Wastewater additions included the TPI to Schwartz Force Main for \$1.7 million, the Conway Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade and Expansion for \$3.5 million, and the Rural Sewer projects at a cost of \$3.8 million. Water additions included the Highway 17 Bypass Hydraulic Improvement for \$1.3 million and the Rural Water projects at a cost of \$2.2 million. GSWSA also added a Fleet and Equipment Maintenance Facility for \$0.8 million as well as a Warehouse and Equipment Storage Facility for \$1.7 million. Developer contributions to capital assets were \$18.8 million and capitalized interest was \$124,711. Disposals for 2009 were \$0.2 million.

GSWSA invested \$68.7 million in plant and equipment during 2008. Wastewater additions included the Bucksport to Hwy 701 Force Main for \$2.5 million, the Schwartz Treatment Plant Upgrade for \$12.5 million, the Vereen Treatment Plant Clarifier for \$3.0 million, and the Rural Sewer projects at a cost of \$6.0 million. Water additions included the Buist Tank for \$1.0 million, the BCI – Finish Water Pump Station for \$4.0 million, the BCI – Perry Rd Pump Station Upgrade for \$2 million, the Hwy 701 to Hwy 501 Hydraulic Upgrade for \$1 million, and the Rural Water projects at a cost of \$2.5 million. Developer contributions to capital assets were \$32.4 million and capitalized interest was \$169,746. Disposals for 2008 were \$0.9 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

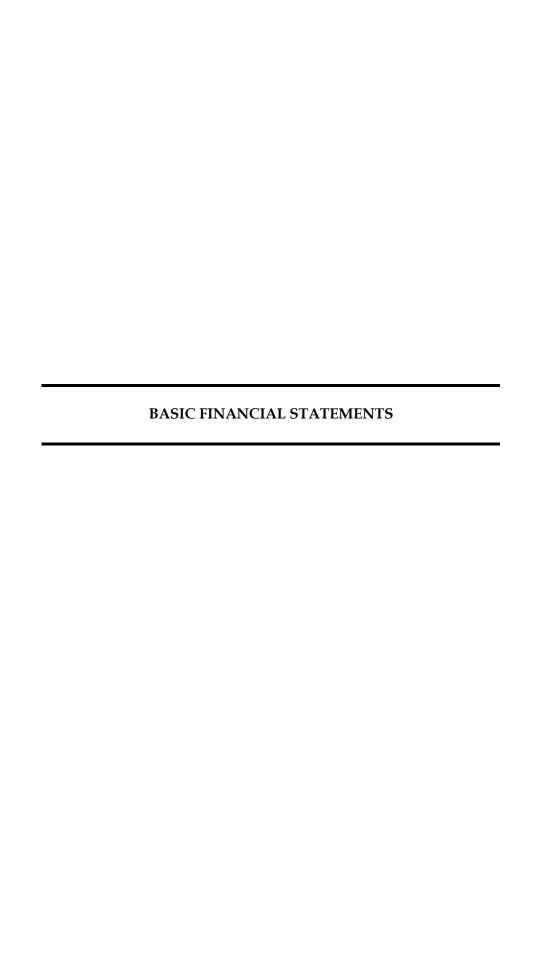
Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt (continued)

During fiscal years 2007, 2008, and 2009, GSWSA obtained State Revolving Fund loans for the phase two expansion of the Schwartz Wastewater Treatment Plant, the Myrtle Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion, and the Conway Odor Control project. As of June 30, 2009, the draws made on these loans and recorded debt was \$21.8 million. The ratio of total debt to capital assets was 44.3% for the fiscal year 2009.

Additional detailed information on GSWSA's capital assets and long-term debt activity can be found in Notes 3, 4 and 5.

Final Comments

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of GSWSA's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority, P.O. Box 2368, Conway, SC 29528-2368.



GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEETS

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June 30, 2009 and 2008

ASSETS

		2009		2008
Current Assets	-		_	
Cash and Investments	\$	82,824,632	\$	78,001,468
Receivables				
Customer Accounts, net of allowance of				
\$151,158 in 2009 and \$150,140 in 2008		7,388,287		8,687,654
Assessments		2,897,053		2,730,689
Loans		1,074,173		262,173
Interest		1,083,093		885,551
Grant		128,685		
Other		46,263		135,167
Inventories		1,118,962		1,044,243
Prepaids	_	438,953	_	315,645
Total Current Assets	\$	97,000,101	\$	92,062,590
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted Cash and Investments				
Deposits and Unearned Contributions	\$	5,032,461	\$	5,257,717
Capital Projects Fund		5,064,006		6,568,094
Debt Service Fund		13,146,104		12,597,459
Depreciation and Contingency Fund		11,218,000		8,438,584
Rate Stabilization Fund		3,196,236		3,185,705
Total Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	37,656,807	\$	36,047,559
Property, Plant, and Equipment				
Utility Plant in Service	\$	624,062,710	\$	586,046,012
Land and Easements		47,944,912		49,653,829
Buildings and Leasehold Improvements		9,201,354		6,465,014
Vehicles		6,154,576		5,509,841
Machinery, Equipment, and Office Furniture		11,816,365		10,909,869
Construction in Process		9,806,285		6,721,189
	-	708,986,202	_	665,305,754
Accumulated Depreciation		(181,960,716)		(162,293,552)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	\$	527,025,486	\$	503,012,202
Deferred Bond Cost (Net)	\$	1,499,473	\$	1,541,507
Container and Security Deposits		4,750		4,750
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	566,186,516	\$	540,606,018
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	663,186,617	\$_	632,668,608

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEETS

Page 2 of 2

June 30, 2009 and 2008

LIABILITIES and NET ASSETS

		2009		2008
Current Liabilities	_		_	
Accounts Payable	\$	2,168,658	\$	2,159,090
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		416,953		301,896
Accrued Compensated Absences		1,158,342		1,087,436
Loan Proceeds in Transit		1,074,173		262,173
Current Portion of Capital Lease Payable		105,023		101,342
Total Current Liabilities Payable From Current Assets	\$	4,923,149	\$	3,911,937
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets				
Construction Contracts	\$	2,247,128	\$	4,927,458
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds		5,674,813		5,391,964
Current Portion of Notes Payable		3,549,159		3,319,059
Accrued Interest on Revenue bonds		598,952		593,700
Accrued Interest on Notes Payable		259,554		255,223
Customer Security and Tap Deposits		4,688,676		4,658,537
Unearned Customer Contributions		343,785		599,180
Total Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	\$	17,362,067	\$	19,745,121
Total Current Liabilities	\$_	22,285,216	\$_	23,657,058
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Revenue Bonds (Net), Less Current Portion	\$	144,505,746	\$	140,060,933
Notes Payable, Less Current Portion		65,341,538		58,320,806
Capital Lease Payable, Less Current Portion		985,571		1,087,497
Arbitrage Rebate		123,801		123,801
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	210,956,656	\$	199,593,037
Total Liabilities	\$_	233,241,872	\$_	223,250,095
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	304,616,508	\$	289,803,143
Restricted for				
Capital Projects		16,282,006		15,006,678
Debt Service		13,057,266		12,524,201
Rate Stabilization		3,196,236		3,185,705
Unrestricted		92,792,729		88,898,786
Total Net Assets	\$	429,944,745	\$	409,418,513
TOTAL LIABILITIES and NET ASSETS	\$_	663,186,617	\$_	632,668,608

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Page 1 of 2

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

		2009		2008
Operating Revenues				
Water and Sewer Volume and Availability Fees	\$	44,176,090	\$	44,731,026
Customer Charges		2,915,411		2,868,056
Surface Water Charges		6,194,359		6,021,758
Surface Water Treatment Plant (SWTP) Contract Water Consumption		2,484,055		2,453,313
Tap Fees		764,006		1,478,545
Sod Sales		441,672		503,312
Other Revenue		2,896,017		4,206,164
Total Operating Revenues	\$	59,871,610	\$	62,262,174
Operating Expenses				
Personnel costs	\$	16,072,133	\$	14,443,846
Contractual Services		12,840,165		10,885,255
Supplies and Materials		10,588,022		9,785,172
Business and Travel Expenses		155,152		156,152
Depreciation on Assets Acquired With:				
Authority Funds		11,220,437		9,673,553
Contributed Capital		8,640,101		7,726,685
Other Expenses		2,229,586		1,885,530
Total Operating Expenses	\$	61,745,596	\$	54,556,193
Operating Income (Loss)	\$_	(1,873,986)	\$_	7,705,981
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment Income	\$	6,962,758	\$	8,128,067
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		(51,610)		(1,037)
Amortization of Deferred Bond Costs		(122,554)		(113,717)
Interest Expense		(9,586,438)		(9,498,645)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(2,797,844)	\$	(1,485,332)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	\$	(4,671,830)	\$_	6,220,649
Capital Contributions				
SWTP Capacity Fees	\$	1,985,592	\$	1,961,592
Governments Grants/Contributions		757,542		
Customer Impact Fees		3,614,012		6,953,139
Developer Contributions		18,840,916		32,393,583
Total Capital Contributions	\$	25,198,062	\$	41,308,314
Change in Net Assets (carried forward)	\$	20,526,232	\$	47,528,963

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Page 2 of 2

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

	_	2009	2008
Change in Net Assets (brought forward)	\$	20,526,232	\$ 47,528,963
Net Assets, Beginning	_	409,418,513	361,889,550
Net Assets, Ending	\$_	429,944,745	\$ 409,418,513

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Page 1 of 2

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

		2009		2008
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	_		_	
Receipts from Customers	\$	61,290,020	\$	62,325,040
Payments to Suppliers		(30,022,833)		(25,258,805)
Payments to Employees		(11,864,721)		(11,409,153)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by Operating Activities	\$	19,402,466	\$	25,657,082
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchase and Construction of Property, Plant, and Equipment	\$	(29,334,156)	\$	(30,791,029)
Proceeds from Sale of Property and Equipment		2,069,309		49,642
Proceeds from Capital Debt		20,564,149		12,906,797
Principal Payments on Capital Debt		(8,806,624)		(7,697,277)
Interest Paid on Borrowings		(9,454,130)		(9,452,684)
Bond Issue Costs		(80,520)		(100,367)
Contributions from Governments		128,857		
Contributions from Customers	_	5,177,845	_	8,385,691
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Used by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities	\$_	(19,735,270)	\$_	(26,699,227)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	\$	44,764,756	\$	37,149,227
Purchase of Investments		(66,132,559)		(55,764,948)
Interest Received		6,765,216		8,001,110
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Used by Investing Activities	\$_	(14,602,587)	\$_	(10,614,611)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(14,935,391)	\$	(11,656,756)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	_	28,520,529	_	40,177,285
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$_	13,585,138	\$_	28,520,529

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

	_	2009	_	2008				
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	by O	perating Activi	ties					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,873,986)	\$	7,705,981				
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to								
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by Operating Activities								
Depreciation		19,860,538		17,400,238				
Decrease (Increase) in Customer Receivables and Other Receivables		1,388,271		(192,462)				
_ (Increase) in Inventory		(74,719)		(210,389)				
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		(123,308)		209,586				
Increase in Accounts Payable		9,568		630,159				
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries, Payroll Taxes,								
and Compensated Absences		185,963		(141,359)				
Increase in Customer Deposits	_	30,139	_	255,328				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ _	19,402,466	\$	25,657,082				
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Fair Value of Developer Contributed Utility Systems	\$	18,840,916	\$	32,393,583				
Abandoned Capital Projects expensed	4	2,591,833	4	2,138,633				
Capitalized Interest Expense		124,711		169,746				
Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments		(435,797)		75,784				
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equiva	alents							
Unrestricted Cash and Investments - Beginning	\$	78,001,468	\$	71,316,582				
Restricted Cash and Investments - Beginning		36,047,559		35,773,480				
C C	\$	114,049,027	\$	107,090,062				
Investments With Original Maturity Dates Over Ninety Days		(85,528,498)		(66,912,777)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	\$	28,520,529	\$	40,177,285				
Unrestricted Cash and Investments - Ending	\$	82,824,632	\$	78,001,468				
Restricted Cash and Investments - Ending		37,656,807		36,047,559				
	\$	120,481,439	\$	114,049,027				
Investments With Original Maturity Dates Over Ninety Days		(106,896,301)		(85,528,498)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	13,585,138	\$	28,520,529				

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY OPEB PENSION TRUST FUND

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

ASSETS

Assets Cash and Investments	\$_	574,621
Net Assets Held in Trust for Other Post Employment Benefits	\$_	574,621

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY OPEB PENSION TRUST FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

ASSETS

Additions Contributions: Employer	\$	574,621
Deductions Benefits	\$_	0
Change in Net Assets	\$	574,621
Net Assets, Beginning		0
Net Assets, Ending	\$	574,621

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Government Unit

The Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority (GSWSA) was created pursuant to the provisions of Act No. 337 enacted during the 1971 Session of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina a body politic and corporate. The principal functions of GSWSA are to acquire supplies of fresh water, distribute the water for industrial and domestic use within its service area and to acquire, construct, operate and maintain sewage treatment and collection facilities as GSWSA deems necessary.

The service area of GSWSA is defined to include all of the geographic area of Horry County, South Carolina except for those areas (1) included within an incorporated municipality which owns and operates a water and/or sewer system, (2) included within the service area of Little River Water and Sewerage Company, Inc. and (3) included in the Bucksport Water System when water service was made available on April 1, 1986.

Reporting Entity

GSWSA has established criteria for determining the scope of the reporting entity for financial statement presentation, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 entitled, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. GSWSA's Board is appointed by the Governor of the State of South Carolina based upon recommendation by local delegation. Accordingly, an accountability perspective has been the basis for defining the financial reporting entity. These financial statements present the government and all of its activities for which GSWSA's Board is accountable. There are no other political subdivisions or entities which should be included in the reporting entity of GSWSA.

Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus

GSWSA's financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. GSWSA applies all relevant Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, as well as when applicable, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principle Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with, or contradict, GASB pronouncements. GSWSA has elected not to adopt the provisions of FASB No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of GSWSA are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with operations are included on the balance sheet. Net assets (i.e. total assets net of total liabilities) are segregated between net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt and deferrals; restricted financial assets, net of related liabilities; and unrestricted net assets. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

All activities of GSWSA are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, and accountability.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing or delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of GSWSA are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense, the allowance for doubtful accounts and certain claims and judgment liabilities, among other accounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Authority also reports a fiduciary fund, the OPEB Pension Trust Fund, which accounts for the activities of a pension trust fund that accumulates resources for the OPEB plan and pays benefits to qualified employees.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Directors adopts a non-appropriated current expense budget and a capital budget for GSWSA. The current expense budget details GSWSA's plans to receive and expend funds for charges incurred for operation, maintenance, interest and other charges for the ensuing fiscal year. The capital budget details the plan to receive and expend funds for capital projects. Prior to July 1, the budget is enacted by the passage of a resolution.

The Chief Executive Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations between departments and divisions in the current operating budget. Transfers of appropriations between capital projects in the capital budget may be authorized by the Board of Directors by resolution.

All unexpended and unencumbered appropriations in the current expense budget remaining at the end of the fiscal year lapse. No appropriation for a capital project in the capital budget lapses until the purpose for which the appropriation was made, has been accomplished or abandoned.

Budgets are adopted on a basis which approximates generally accepted accounting principles, except for debt service payments, capital expenditures and departmental transfers which are budgeted on a cash basis.

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of reporting cash flows, GSWSA's policy is to include unrestricted cash on hand and on deposit, interests in the State Treasurer's Pool, certificates of deposit maturing within 90 days, repurchase agreements, and money market investments, and excludes other investments as presented in Note 2.

GSWSA temporarily invests through various investment advisors, and in a pool managed by the South Carolina State Treasurer, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, guaranteed investment contracts and United States or State of South Carolina general obligations.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deposits and Investments (continued)

GSWSA has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31 entitled, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. As required by GASB Statement No. 31, investments are reported at fair value in the financial statements. Related changes in the fair value of investments are included as an element of investment income. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of investments are based upon quoted market prices.

The State Treasurer sells participation units in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool to political subdivisions of the State, of which GSWSA has invested funds. Funds deposited by legally defined entities into the pool are used to purchase investment securities as follows: direct obligations of U.S. Government securities; federal agency securities; repurchase agreements secured by the U.S. Government and/or federal agency securities; and A1/P1 commercial paper. The fair value of GSWSA's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Receivables

Customer receivables are reported net of allowances for doubtful accounts and represent various volume, availability and service fees earned but not yet collected. Cycle billings at year end are estimated to record revenues earned through year end. Recurring consumption and capacity fees from residential and commercial customers are recognized as operating revenues, whereas Bull Creek Surface Water Treatment Plant bulk consumption and capacity sales to other service providers (generally other local governments) are recognized as operating revenues and capital contributions.

Inventories

Materials and supply inventories are stated at the lower of average cost or market value.

Restricted Assets

Restricted asset accounts were established to account for assets reserved for specific purposes. The assets related to customer security and tap deposits, rate stabilization funds and funds designated by certain revenue bond indentures and revolving loan agreements are recorded as restricted assets. The bond and loan agreements require the establishment of construction accounts, current debt service accounts, future debt service accounts, capitalized interest accounts, a rebate account and depreciation and contingent accounts. Deposits are made to restricted asset accounts in amounts determined by the bond indenture or GSWSA's Board members.

The restricted capital projects account represent 1) impact fees charged to new customers to recover the costs associated with unutilized capacity in oversized facilities built to meet future needs, 2) special assessments to provide capital improvements, 3) related investment income on such accounts and the depreciation fund; and, 4) unearned customer contributions. The impact fees are restricted for use as authorized by the Board of Directors for capital improvements.

Property, Plant and Equipment, Capacity Rights and Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost, if acquired by purchase or constructed by GSWSA. Assets acquired through contributions from developers or other entities are capitalized at their estimated fair market value, if available, or at engineers' estimated fair market value or cost to construct at the date of the contribution. Acquired utility systems assets from other service providers (typically local governments) are recorded at the lower of the prior

Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment, Capacity Rights and Depreciation (continued)

service provider's net book value or fair value, with the cost and accumulated depreciation recorded. GSWSA allocates overhead to construction projects based on the direct labor charges to each project. GSWSA's policy is to capitalize assets in excess of \$2,500. Assets are depreciated on the straight-line method. Depreciation is calculated using the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Utility Plant and Equipment	8 - 45
Buildings	14 - 20
Machinery, Office Furniture & Equipment	5 - 10
Vehicles	3 - 10

Costs of studies that directly result in specific construction projects are capitalized. Significant costs applicable to long range projects and amounts not specifically chargeable to individual projects are charged to operations.

Interest cost is capitalized on the construction of qualified property, plant and equipment, except for small (\$250,000) projects for which the construction period is less than six months. In regards to assets acquired with tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense on the tax-exempt debt with interest earned on invested proceeds from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project. In regards to assets not acquired with tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is the product of the average accumulated expenditures during the year for such assets and the weighted average interest rate on debt and is limited to the sum of interest expense on the tax-exempt debt not previously capitalized and all other interest expense. Interest is not capitalized on assets acquired or constructed with gifts and grants (e.g. contributions, special assessments, impact fees) that are restricted by the donor or grantor to acquisition of those assets to the extent that funds are available from such grants and gifts.

Capacity Rights – Sales of certain water and wastewater system capacity rights of GSWSA to other utilities are accounted for as non-operating revenues generally as earned and received over the period in which GSWSA delivers related service. GSWSA thus records the entire cost of water and wastewater systems which it owns, operates and controls. GSWSA's purchase of system capacity rights from other utilities is accounted for as utility plant. Amortization of such intangibles is included as depreciation and amortization within the operating expenses.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations are reported at face value. Bond premiums and discounts, losses on refundings, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are recorded net of applicable premiums and discounts, and deferrals of losses on refundings occurring after June 30, 1994.

GSWSA entered into interest rate swap agreement to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. Other than the net interest expense resulting from this agreement, no amounts are recorded in the financial statements.

Compensation for Future Absences

It is GSWSA's policy to permit its employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits which will be paid to the employees upon separation from service to GSWSA. These vacation benefits are accrued in the period earned.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Non-exchange Transactions

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, GSWSA implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 33 entitled, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*. Non-exchange transactions involve financial or capital resources in which a government either gives value to another party without receiving equal value in exchange or receives value from another party without directly giving equal value in exchange. The standards established by the statement require that capital contributions, such as government grants, customer impact fees and developer contributions, be recorded in the financial statements as revenues.

Revenues and the Rate Structure

Services are supplied to customers under a rate structure designed to produce revenues sufficient to provide for operating and maintenance costs, capital costs related to nonreplacement oriented assets (utility plants), depreciation expense on capital replacement assets (vehicles, pumps, motors), and principal and interest expenditures.

Availability Fees – This charge is related to the potential demand that each customer places on the system. The costs are allocated to non-bulk customers (residential and others) and bulk customers. Non-bulk customer's costs are divided by the appropriate number of resident equivalent units to arrive at a monthly availability charge. Net capital costs allocated to bulk customers are recovered through its volume charge. This is a monthly charge and provides no minimum usage allowance. The basic philosophy behind this charge is to equitably match cost with usage at lower consumption levels.

Surface Water Charges – During fiscal year 1988, GSWSA initiated the surface water charge to customers which represents a monthly fixed charge per residential equivalent unit to recover the cost of compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The revenues are available for construction and operation of the Bull Creek Surface Water Treatment Plant and operation and maintenance of the system.

Rate Stabilization Fund – This fund represents Board of Director designated excess operating and maintenance revenues at year end which are not re-budgeted and may only be used or expended by the Board to provide for unanticipated emergencies (e.g. major natural disaster or loss of a major customer) which could otherwise result in spiked rate (i.e. revenue) increases. This fund is periodically reviewed to ensure that it is adequate. This fund is deemed restricted assets.

Surface Water Treatment Plant Contract Water Revenues and Charges – These sales represent water sales from GSWSA's Bull Creek Regional Water Treatment and Transmission System (referred to as the Surface Water Treatment Plant (SWTP)) to other local government utilities who resell water to their customers. Sales based on water consumption are recorded as operating revenues. Sales based on capacity sold to participants are recorded as non-operating revenues. The revenues have not been reduced for certain water sold back to GSWSA under transmission and distribution arrangements. Such repurchased water is recorded in the expense accounts.

Net Assets

Net assets comprise various net earnings from operating and non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net assets are classified into the following three components: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted financial assets, net of related liabilities; and, (3) unrestricted.

Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt and other liabilities that are attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of those assets. Debt related to unspent proceeds is excluded from the determination.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Assets (continued)

Net assets restricted for capital projects, debt service, and rate stabilization consists of net assets for which constraints are placed thereon by external parties, such as lenders; services for grantors; contributors; and, laws, regulations, and enabling legislation, including self-imposed legal mandates.

Unrestricted net assets consists of all other net assets not included in the above two categories.

Comparative Data

Some prior year amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes.

Note 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

GSWSA has deposits and investments with or managed by financial institutions, brokers and others specified by statute or the applicable bond indenture.

Repurchase agreements, money market investments and investments in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool shown below are reflected in the statement of cash flows as cash equivalents because they meet the criteria under guidance established by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. GSWSA's policy for reporting cash flows is described in Note 1.

Cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following at June 30, 2009 and 2008:

	 2009		2008			
Petty cash	\$ 3,350	\$	3,000			
Cash deposits	6,313,094		2,837,704			
Repurchase agreements	51,236		2,844,173			
Money market investments	7,196,147		19,313,011			
Investment pool	 21,311	-	3,522,641			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,585,138	\$	28,520,529			

Deposits

At June 30, 2009 and 2008, the carrying amount of GSWSA's deposits in financial institutions were \$6,313,094 and \$2,837,704 and the financial institutions' balances totaled \$6,532,726 and \$3,426,883, respectively; all of which were insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized with securities held by GSWSA's agents and/or held by pledging financial institutions trust departments or agents, both in GSWSA's name. Petty cash on hand was \$3,350 for fiscal year 2009 and \$3,000 for fiscal year 2008.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, GSWSA's deposits may not be returned to it. GSWSA's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is that no cash balances exceed the amount covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, they will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2009 and 2008, GSWSA had the following investments which were uninsured, unregistered and held by GSWSA's brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for those particular securities.

Investment Type	2009 Fair Value		 2008 Fair Value
Federal Home Loan	\$	21,591,850	\$ 17,591,693
Federal National Mortgage		23,235,265	23,280,519
Federal Farm Credit Banks		3,116,875	
Municipal Bonds			4,064,468

Credit Risk. At June 30, 2009 and 2008, GSWSA had the following investments which were rated by Standard and Poor's as follows:

	2009		2008	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	 Fair Value	Credit Rating
Federal Home Loan \$	21,305,137	AAA	\$ 15,167,091	AAA
Federal National Mortgage	22,831,427	AAA	20,139,013	AAA
Federal Farm Credit Banks	3,116,875	AAA		
Money Market Obligation Trusts	5,024,432	AAA	4,486,605	AAA
Municipal Bonds			1,911,460	AAA
Municipal Bonds			2,153,008	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	286,713	Not Rated	2,424,602	Not Rated
Federal National Mortgage Corporation	403,838	Not Rated	3,141,506	Not Rated
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	4,225,636	Not Rated	7,431,916	Not Rated
State Investment Pool	21,311	Not Rated	3,522,641	Not Rated
Money Market Obligation Trust	2,171,715	Not Rated	14,826,406	Not Rated

Note 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

<u>Investments</u> (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk. GSWSA has the following investment with issuers that are over 5% of their investment portfolio:

	2009	2008
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	18.91%	15.82%
Federal National Mortgage Association	20.35%	20.93%
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		6.68%

GSWSA's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk, credit risk, or concentration of credit risk as these pertain to their total investment portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, GSWSA's investment policy permits investment terms ranging from overnight to ten years with the exception of mortgage pass through securities with normal maturities greater than ten years, if their average life is expected to be ten years or less.

As of June 30, 2009, GSWSA had the following investments and maturities.

				Investment Maturities (in Years)						
				Less					M	ore
Investment Type	Fa	air Value		Than 1		1 – 5	6	<u> </u>	Tha	n 10
Repurchase Agreements	\$	51,236	\$	51,236	\$		\$		\$	
U.S. Treasuries		48,718,442		2,390,992	28	3,739,147	17,5	588,303		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		21,591,850		3,382,493	10	,130,265	4,1	143,838	3,9	35,254
Federal National Mortgage Association		23,235,265		5,840,128	6	5,095,605	3,2	287,902	8,0	11,630
Federal Farm Credit Banks		3,116,875		1,014,688	2	,102,187				
Government National Mortgage Association		2,802,748						7,706		95,042
	\$	99,516,416	\$ 12	<u>2,679,537</u>	\$47	,067,204	\$ 25,0	<u>)27,749</u>	\$14,7	<u>41,926</u>

Note 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

<u>Investments</u> (continued)

As of June 30, 2008, GSWSA had the following investments and maturities.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 5	6 10	More Than 10
Investment Type	 raii vaiue		1-5	6 – 10	I Hall 10
Repurchase Agreements	\$ 2,844,173	\$ 2,844,173	\$	\$	\$
U.S. Treasuries	31,893,677	540,197	23,931,303	7,422,177	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	17,339,193	183,021	10,261,229	4,328,298	2,566,645
Federal National Mortgage Association	23,533,018	1,893,214	7,788,614	5,306,936	8,544,254
Municipal Bonds	4,064,468		4,064,468		
Government National Mortgage Association	 1,266,225		103,710	10,507	1,152,008
	\$ 80,940,754	\$ 5,460,605	\$46,149,324	<u>\$17,067,918</u>	\$12,262,907

Note 3 – PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT AND CAPACITY SALES AND PURCHASES

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

		Balance 6/30/08	_	Additions	R	<u>Retirements</u>		Disposals/ Transfers		Balance 6/30/09
Capital Assets not being										
Depreciated	Φ	40 (52 020	Φ	260.500	d.	(2.077.505)	Φ		Φ	47.044.012
Land and Easements	\$.,,,	\$	368,588	\$	(2,077,505)	Þ		\$	47,944,912
Construction-in-Progress		6,721,189		29,883,565		(2,591,833)		(24,206,636)		9,806,285
	\$	56,375,018	\$	30,252,153	\$	(4,669,338)	\$	(24,206,636)	\$	57,751,197
Capital Assets being Depreciated										
Utility Plant	\$	586,046,012	\$	13,894,595	\$	(92,081)	\$	24,214,184	\$	624,062,710
Buildings and Leaseholds		6,465,014		2,747,068		(3,180)		(7,548)		9,201,354
Vehicles		5,509,841		713,712		(68,977)				6,154,576
Machinery, Equipment										
and Furniture	_	10,909,869		979,944		(73,448)				11,816,365
	\$	608,930,736	\$	18,335,319	\$	(237,686)	\$	24,206,636	\$	651,235,005

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 3 – PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT AND CAPACITY SALES AND PURCHASES (continued)

	Balance	4 111.1	.	Disposals/	Balance
	6/30/08	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	6/30/09
Accumulated Depreciation for					
Utility Plant	\$ (149,957,902)	\$ (18,143,009)	\$ 48,608	\$	\$ (168,052,303)
Buildings	(1,317,695)				(1,541,432)
Vehicles	(3,769,838)	(545,297)	68,977		(4,246,158)
Machinery, Equipment	, , ,	, , ,			,
and Furniture	(7,248,117)	(942,316)	69,610		(8,120,823)
	<u>\$ (162,293,552)</u>	<u>\$ (19,860,538)</u>	\$ 193,374	\$	<u>\$ (181,960,716</u>)
	\$ 503,012,202	\$ 28,726,934	\$ (4,713,650) <u>\$</u>	\$ 527,025,486
Capital asset activity for the ye	ar ended June 30	, 2008, was as fo	llows:		
	Balance 6/30/07	Additions	Retirements	Disposals/ Transfers	Balance 6/30/08
Capital Assets not being					
Depreciated					
Land and Easements	\$ 49,463,056	\$ 190,773	\$	\$	\$ 49,653,829
Construction-in-Progress	13,235,420	37,948,797	(2,138,633		
Č	\$ 62,698,476	\$ 38,139,570	\$ (2,138,633)		
Capital Assets being Depreciated	¢ 516070506	e 26.926.140	¢ (02.110) e 42.224.205	¢ 500 040 013
Utility Plant Buildings and Leaseholds	\$ 516,978,586 6,532,510	\$ 26,826,149 21,958	\$ (83,118) (89,454)	, , ,	\$ 586,046,012 6,465,014
Vehicles	5,088,198	902,839	(481,196		5,509,841
Machinery, Equipment	3,000,170	702,037	(401,170	,	3,307,041
and Furniture	8,375,276	2,809,086	(274,493)	10,909,869
W110 1 011110010	\$ 536,974,570	\$ 30,560,032	\$ (928,261)	,	\$ 608,930,736
	 		- 	, 4 4-1-	<u> </u>
Accumulated Depreciation for					
Utility Plant	\$ (133,958,417)	\$ (16,048,912)	\$ 49,427	\$	\$ (149,957,902)
Buildings	(1,217,126)	(190,023)	89,454		(1,317,695)
Vehicles	(3,821,280)	(419,722)	471,164		(3,769,838)
Machinery, Equipment	,,	, <u>.</u>			, _
and Furniture	(6,774,072)	(741,627)	267,582		(7,248,117)
	<u>\$ (145,770,895)</u>	<u>\$ (17,400,284)</u>	\$ 877,627	\$	<u>\$ (162,293,552)</u>
	<u>\$ 453,902,151</u>	\$ 51,299,318	\$ (2,189,267) \$	\$ 503,012,202

Direct and indirect costs of GSWSA's construction and engineering departments were capitalized in the approximate amount of \$1,726,916 and \$1,543,514 during 2009 and 2008, respectively. Interest expense, net of applicable interest income, was capitalized in the approximate amounts of \$124,711 and \$169,746 during 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Utility plant includes all of GSWSA's water and wastewater systems, including the following systems for which capacity rights or systems have been purchased or sold.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 3 – PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT AND CAPACITY SALES AND PURCHASES (continued)

Surface Water Treatment Plant and System – During 1989 through 2002, GSWSA constructed the Bull Creek Regional Water Treatment and Transmission System (referred to as the Surface Water Treatment Plant (SWTP)) for a total cost of \$56,653,554 including construction of certain supporting facilities. \$1,685,487 of total costs were for repairs paid from depreciation funds. Operations and depreciation began during September 1991. During 1990, GSWSA entered into the Bull Creek Project Service Contact with the City of Conway, Town of Surfside Beach and Little River Water & Sewerage Company, Inc. (The Charter Participants) and similar agreements with the City of Loris, Town of Aynor and Georgetown County Water & Sewer District. As of July 1, 1995 and January 1, 1998, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority consolidated water and wastewater services with the Town of Surfside Beach and the Town of Aynor, respectively. Therefore, the Town of Surfside Beach and the Town of Aynor are no longer participants. Under the contracts, each Participant purchases from GSWSA certain allocated capacity in the treatment plant transmission lines and pays a monthly service charge comprised of a capital component based on capacity purchased, and an operation and maintenance component based on water consumption.

Surface Water Treatment Plant and System

As of June 30, 2003, the Participants had contracted to acquire capacity rights which will result in approximately 30% of the systems cost being recovered over the next 18 years via capital charges to the Participants. Additional capacity charges apply if participants consume water in excess of their purchased capacity. During the fiscal years 2004 and 2003, the Participants consumed approximately 25% of the total water produced by the system.

Payments by Participants are dependent upon the production and transmission of water supply capacity by GSWSA. All Participants are committed to maintain rates and charges for all services furnished by their systems sufficient to satisfy their obligations.

During Fiscal Year 1996, GSWSA began the expansion of the SWTP to increase water capacity production from 21 to 26 MGD. The actual cost was \$2,243,843. Effective July 1, 1996, Little River Water and Sewerage Company, the City of Conway, the City of Loris, the Town of Aynor and Georgetown County Water and Sewer District, agreed to acquire additional capacity, which will result in the recovery of approximately 25 - 30% of the debt service payments on the \$10 million 1995 bond. As of January 1, 1998, the Town of Aynor's capacity was consolidated with Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority.

During Fiscal Year 2000, GSWSA began the expansion of the SWTP to increase water capacity production from 26 MGD to 46 MGD which included the addition of the Bucksville Waterline Transmission. During the fiscal years 2000 through 2002, \$18,500,000 was incurred on this project.

During the Fiscal Year 1998, GSWSA acquired the Town of Aynor's Water and Sewer System, which totaled \$628,570 in fixed assets and consisted of 65,380 feet of waterlines and 11,945 feet of sewer lines.

GSWSA signed a contract on September 23, 1996 with Tabor City, North Carolina to supply the City with 100,000 gallons per day of drinking water and installed a waterline from Loris to Tabor City to deliver the water.

Numerous deep water wells previously relied upon by GSWSA as its primary source, now serve as backup to the SWTP. A cooperative agreement with the South Carolina Department of Water Resources and the City of Myrtle Beach resulted in the aquifer storage utilization study implemented at the Bay Road Well during 1995. In 1996 and 1997, three additional wells were included in the utilization study. In 1998, the Garden City Well was deleted and the Long Bay Well was added.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 3 – PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT AND CAPACITY SALES AND PURCHASES (continued)

George R. Vereen Plant: This wastewater plant was completed in 1991 for a total cost of \$7,037,202. An EPA Grant funded approximately 75% of the cost with Little River Water and Sewerage Company Inc. (Little River) funding approximately 52% of the remaining amount. GSWSA sold 52% of the wastewater treatment capacity rights of this plant to Little River for a period of 40 years. During 1992 and 1993, GSWSA received a prorata contribution from Little River and has recorded such amounts as customer contributions. General bulk rates charged to commercial customers, excluding debt service components, have been established for actual wastewater service less than or equal to 52%. Full bulk rates apply for service in excess of 52% of capacity.

During May 1994, GSWSA entered into an agreement with the City of North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina whereby GSWSA reserves up to 500,000 gallons per day of Vereen Plant wastewater treatment capacity and 3,600,000 gallons per day capacity in the transmission system in exchange for the City reimbursing GSWSA \$231,043 during the year ended June 30, 1995 for the cost of a transmission line from the plant to a specific location on the inland side of the Intracoastal Waterway. The City will be charged for its proportionate share of the operating costs of the plant and transmission line. Additionally, various provisions exist as to future plant expansion and the parties' sharing of the construction costs.

J. Lambert Schwartz Wastewater Treatment Plant and Transmission System – This wastewater plant and related transmission system was completed in 1981 as part of the 201 Wastewater Facilities Plan implemented from 1977 – 1986 at a cost of approximately \$32,000,000. An EPA Grant funded approximately 75% of the original construction. As a part of the EPA Grant, participants were required to pay a prorata share of the facilities construction. Georgetown County Water & Sewer District, Conway Wastewater Treatment Plant and the Myrtle Beach Air Force Base have contracted for approximately 12.3% of the capacity. The City of Myrtle Beach contracted for 12.5 million gallons per day of the Schwartz effluent line capacity. The Air Force Base participation is being phased out and Georgetown County Water & Sewer District has abandoned all but 39% of its original capacity.

The expansion of the Schwartz Plant, including the Turf Farm expansion and certain line extensions, was completed and began operations primarily in April 1993 for a total cost of \$8,850,336, including capitalized interest of \$650,496 in 1994 and \$383,570 incurred during Fiscal Year 1993. These projects were primarily funded by a State Revolving Loan, representing EPA funds passed through the State. GSWSA incurred approximately \$67,740 of depreciation expense during the initial months of operation.

Conway Loop – From 1990 through April 1992, GSWSA and the City of Conway jointly constructed the Conway Loop, a transmission line from the Conway reservoir and booster pump station circling around the City. Conway owns and controls the loop. GSWSA managed the construction and contributed approximately 44% of the approximate \$1,285,000 construction cost. GSWSA has recorded its costs of approximately \$584,980 (with capitalized interest of \$75,000) as a capacity right which is included in utility plant assets and is being depreciated over forty years. GSWSA's purchase of these rights enable it to serve various customers on the other side of the City. GSWSA reacquires from Conway the water received from the SWTP at consumption rates equivalent to those charged to Conway. GSWSA pays a prorata share of repairs to the loop.

<u>Aynor to Conway Force Main</u> – GSWSA constructed the Aynor to Conway force main in 1997 for a total cost of \$1,073,650 of which \$337,288 was given to the City of Conway along with 23,320 feet of 12" force main.

GSWSA constructed the East Country Club Drive force main in 1998 for a total cost of \$346,486 and it was given to the City of Conway along with 15,450 feet of 10 inch force main and 2,100 feet of 12 inch force main.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 3 – PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT AND CAPACITY SALES AND PURCHASES (continued)

<u>Surfside Systems</u> – During March 1994, GSWSA entered into an Agreement of Consolidation and Transfer with the Town of Surfside Beach (Surfside), South Carolina, whereby GSWSA acquired (and assumed operation of) the Surfside waterworks and sewer system assets (\$4,864,574 net book value) including receipt of certain reserved or restricted utility fund cash and investments (\$781,988) and assumption of related bonded indebtedness (\$2,062,549) and customer deposits (\$177,872); resulting in a net contribution to capital of approximately \$3,400,000. GSWSA pays Surfside an annual fee of approximately \$180,000 for this exclusive franchise. GSWSA is generally obligated to charge Surfside customers' rates comparable to other GSWSA customers. GSWSA initially served approximately 2,470 additional customers as a result of this arrangement.

The agreement is effective for 30 years, with renewal for successive 30 year periods, unless cancelled by Surfside at the end of any 30 year period. As a result of the consolidation and acquisition, Surfside's reserve capacity interest in the Schwartz Wastewater Treatment Plant were conveyed to GSWSA.

Conway Wastewater Treatment Plant – Effective November 1, 1994, the City of Conway conveyed its wastewater treatment plant to GSWSA. The resulting increase in the net book value of the property, plant and equipment, and contributed capital was \$1,025,362. During fiscal year 2000, the fees were \$.78 and the debt service charges were \$.35 per thousand gallons (approximately \$66,146 per month) with future rate changes indexed to other specified GSWSA rates. Conway remains responsible for all customer metering, billing, collection and other administrative and accounting activities. A \$2,000,000 upgrade to increase the capacity of the wastewater treatment plant from 2.0 MGD to 3.2 MGD was ready for its intended use in October 1996. Approximately \$2,848,262 was expended for construction on this project.

<u>Loris Wastewater Treatment Plant</u> – Effective July 1, 2001, the City of Loris leased its wastewater treatment plant to GSWSA. As further provided for in the lease between the City and GSWSA, GSWSA shall have the option to purchase the plant from the City at a price equal to the percentage attributable to the plant (72.592%) of the total outstanding principal and interest owed by the City to the United States Department of Agriculture. The value of the property, plant and equipment acquired was \$1,678,800.

Myrtle Beach Water and Wastewater Plant – On June 30, 2006, GSWSA purchased from the City of Myrtle Beach the Myrtle Beach Water and Wastewater Plant for approximately \$43 million. GSWSA began providing wholesale water and wastewater services to the City of Myrtle Beach July 1, 2006.

Note 4 – CAPITAL LEASES

GSWSA entered into a lease agreement (as described above in Note 3.) as lessee for financing the acquisition of the Loris Wastewater Treatment Plant. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of its future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The capitalized cost of the asset was \$1,678,800. Related amortization of \$16,205 has been included with depreciation expense.

During fiscal year 2004, GSWSA renegotiated the terms of this lease. The term of the lease was reduced by eleven years and the interest rate was lowered from 5.9% to 3.6%, saving GSWSA \$1,073,691.

Note 4 – CAPITAL LEASES (continued)

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

2010	\$ 144,352
2011	144,352
2012	144,352
2013	144,352
2014	144,352
2015–2019	 587,219
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,308,979
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(190,503)
Unamortized Deferral on Refunding	 (27,882)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,090,594

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

2009	\$ 144,352
2010	144,352
2011	144,352
2012	144,352
2013	144,352
2014–2018	721,760
2019	 9,811
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,453,331
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(233,512)
Unamortized Deferral on Refunding	 (30,978)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,188,841

Note 5 – LONG–TERM DEBT

The original amount of debt which has been issued, including prior years, by GSWSA was \$354,099,095. Bonds, notes and state revolving loans payable at June 30, 2009 and 2008 are composed of the following individual issues.

	 2009	 2008
Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2000. Secured by gross revenues from Utility system. Current interest paying serial bonds; due in annual principal installments ranging from \$485,000 to \$943,000 during 2001 through 2015; interest at 5.55% per annum; due June 1 and December 1.	\$ 4,769,700	\$ 5,451,664

	2009	2008		
Waterworks and Sewer Systems Revenue Bond, Refunding Series 1992. All revenues from the applicable SWTP are pledged for debt service. Current interest paying term bonds; principal due 2012 with annual sinking fund requirements beginning in 2008; interest at 6.375% per annum; due June 1 and December 1.	8,485,000	10,980,000		
Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001. Secured by gross revenues from Utility System.				
Current interest paying serial bonds; due in annual principal installments ranging from \$470,000 to \$4,295,000 during 2012 through 2023; interest at 4.0% to 5.25% per annum; due June 1.	12,780,000	12,780,000		
Current interest paying term bonds; principal due 2022 with annual sinking fund requirements beginning in 2018; interest at 5.0% per annum; due June 1.	11,370,000	11,370,000		
Current interest paying term bonds; principal due 2026 with annual sinking fund requirements beginning in 2024; interest at 5.0% per annum; due June 1.	14,205,000	14,205,000		
Current interest paying term bonds; principal due 2031 with annual sinking fund requirements beginning in 2027; interest at 5.0% per annum; due June 1.	28,825,000	28,825,000		
Total Series 2001 Bonds	67,180,000	67,180,000		
Waterworks and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2002. Secured by gross revenues from Utility System. Current interest paying serial bonds; due in annual principal installments of \$1,040,000 to \$4,565,000 during 2003 to 2019; interest at 5.0% to 5.375% per annum; due June 1.	27,470,000	27,470,000		

	 2009	 2008
Waterworks and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003. Secured by gross revenues from Utility System. Current interest paying serial bonds; due in annual principal installments ranging from \$150,000 to \$920,000 during 2003 through 2018; interest at 3.58 per annum; due June 1.	6,195,000	6,860,000
Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2006. Secured by net revenues of the system. Current interest paying serial bond; due in annual principal installments ranging from \$990,000 to \$1,730,000 during 2008 through 2021; interest at 3.75 per annum; due June 1 and December 1.	17,970,000	19,010,000
Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2007. Secured by net revenues of the system. Current interest paying serial bond; due in annual principal installments ranging from \$510,000 to \$850,000 during 2009 to 2023; interest at 3.73 per annum; due December 1.	9,490,000	10,000,000
Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2008. Secured by net revenues of the system. Current interest paying serial bond; due in thirteen annual principal installments of \$715,000 and one of \$705,000; interest at 3.36 per annum; due beginning December 1, 2009.	10,000,000	
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 151,559,700	\$ 146,951,664
Note payable, including accrued interest, to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Fund Loan at 4.25%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$11,849 began on October 1, 1992. Total loan is \$636,424. All revenue from the applicable systems is pledged for debt service.	\$ 132,840	\$ 173,506

	2009	2008
Note payable, including accrued interest of \$7,975, to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Fund Loan at 4.00%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$28,364 began June 1, 1999. Total approved loan is \$1,556,830. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	912,261	987,339
Note payable, including accrued interest of \$2,182, to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Fund Loan at 3.5%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$27,579 began November 1, 1999. Total approved loan is \$1,581,949. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	965,839	1,040,707
Note payable, including accrued interest of \$5,896, to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Fund Loan at 3.5%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$20,044 began January 1, 2000. Total approved loan is \$1,149,705. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	701,937	756,349
Note payable, including accrued interest of \$13,747, to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for the South Carolina Infrastructure Facilities Authority at 4.25%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$74,580 began July 1, 2000.	2,563,526	2,747,970
Note payable, including accrued interest of \$337,554, to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Fund Loan at 3.5%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$289,557 began May 1,		
2001.	11,118,710	11,871,248

	2009	2008
Note payable, including accrued interest of \$5,557, to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Fund Loan at 3.5%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$19,404 began August 1, 2001. Total approved loan is \$1,113,023. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	757,875	807,867
Note payable, including accrued interest of \$3,124 to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Loan at 3.5%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$48,400 began January 1, 2002. Total approved loan is \$2,776,238. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	1,921,967	2,045,583
Note payable to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Loan Fund at 3.75%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$89,119 to begin August 1, 2003. Total approved loan is \$5,000,000. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	3,824,490	4,028,647
Note payable to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Loan Fund at 3.75%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$129,975 to begin August 1, 2003. Total approved loan is \$7,162,425. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	5,542,184	5,838,034
Note payable to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Loan Fund at 3.75%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$7,898 to begin April 1, 2005. Total approved loan is \$227,611. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	176,122	185,524

	2009	2008
Note payable to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Loan Fund at 3.00%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$96,339 to begin June 1, 2006. Total approved loan is \$5,779,833. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	5,149,449	5,382,814
Note payable to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund at 4%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$46,696 to begin August 1, 2006. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	1,941,107	2,047,574
Note payable to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund at 4%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$284,359 to begin August 1, 2006. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	11,820,435	12,468,765
Note payable to South Carolina State Budget and Control Board for South Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund at 3.5%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$213,458 to begin January 1, 2008. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	11,436,173	11,257,938
Note payable to South Carolina South Carolina Water Quality Revolving Fund Authority at 3.25%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$163,212 to begin March 1, 2010. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	7,075,501	
4000 BOI VICO.	1,013,301	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

	 2009	 2008
Note payable to South Carolina Water Quality Revolving Fund Authority at 3.25%. Quarterly principal and interest payments of \$58,031 to begin May 1, 2009. All revenues derived from the system and all funds and accounts of GSWSA derived from such revenue is pledged for debt service.	2,850,281	
Total Notes Payable	\$ 68,890,697	\$ 61,639,865
Total Debt, before deferrals	\$ 220,450,397	\$ 208,591,529
Unamortized Revenue Bond Discount/Premium	160,154	194,458
Unamortized Deferral on Refunding	 (1,539,295)	 (1,693,225)
Total Debt, Net	\$ 219,071,256	\$ 207,092,762
Less Current Portion	 (9,223,972)	 (8,711,023)
Total Long – Term Portion of Debt	\$ 209,847,284	\$ 198,381,739

Remaining debt service payments at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Revenu	e Bonds	State Revo	lving Loans		
Date	Principal	Interest	Principal Interest		Total <u>Principal</u>	Total Principal and Interest
2010	\$ 5,674,813	\$ 7,150,351	\$ 3,549,159	\$ 2,230,270	\$ 9,223,972	\$ 18,604,593
2011	6,679,763	6,878,302	3,897,833	2,321,107	10,577,596	19,777,005
2012	7,171,930	6,549,540	4,041,772	2,176,213	11,213,702	19,939,455
2013	7,996,437	6,195,587	4,142,911	2,026,691	12,139,348	20,361,626
2014	8,343,414	5,833,604	4,295,686	1,872,894	12,639,100	20,345,598
2015-2019	47,508,343	23,001,305	23,948,042	6,850,020	71,456,385	101,307,710
2020-2024	29,660,000	13,569,314	18,110,327	2,597,690	47,770,327	63,937,331
2025-2029	26,145,000	7,144,250	6,680,782	564,282	32,825,782	40,534,314
2030-2031	12,380,000	936,000	224,185	3,234	12,604,185	13,543,419
Totals	<u>\$ 151,559,700</u>	<u>\$ 77,258,253</u>	<u>\$ 68,890,697</u>	\$ 20,642,401	<u>\$ 220,450,397</u>	<u>\$ 318,351,051</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Remaining debt service payments at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Revenu	e Bonds	State Revo	lving Loans		
Date	Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Principal Interest		Total Principal and Interest
2009	\$ 5,391,964	\$ 7,102,770	\$ 3,319,059	\$ 2,209,601	\$ 8,711,023	\$ 18,023,394
2010	5,674,813	6,831,151	3,442,875	2,085,782	9,117,688	18,034,621
2011	5,974,763	6,542,302	3,571,348	1,957,312	9,546,111	18,045,725
2012	6,456,930	6,237,228	3,704,648	1,824,013	10,161,578	18,222,819
2013	7,281,437	5,907,299	3,794,802	1,686,461	11,076,239	18,669,999
2014-2018	42,426,757	24,065,831	21,204,725	6,201,587	63,631,482	93,898,900
2019-2023	30,715,000	14,601,308	19,332,855	2,192,857	50,047,855	66,842,020
2024-2028	24,900,000	8,389,250	3,269,553	166,687	28,169,553	36,725,490
2029-2031	18,130,000	1,842,500			18,130,000	19,972,500
Totals	<u>\$ 146,951,664</u>	<u>\$ 81,519,639</u>	<u>\$ 61,639,865</u>	\$ 18,324,300	\$ 208,591,529	<u>\$ 308,435,468</u>

Long term liability activity including capital leases for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

		Balance 6/30/08	Additions		Reductions		Balance 6/30/09		Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable Notes Payable	\$	146,951,665 61,639,865	\$	10,000,000 10,564,149	\$	5,391,965 3,313,316	\$	151,559,700 68,890,697	\$	5,674,813 354,159
Capital Leases		1,219,819				101,343		1,118,476		105,023
Total Liabilities	\$	209,811,349	\$	20,564,149	\$	8,806,625	\$	221,568,873	\$	6,133,995
Less Deferred Amounts:										
Issuance discounts/premiur	ns	194,457				34,303		160,154		
Loss on Refunding		(1,724,205)				(157,028)		(1,567,177)		
Total	\$	208,281,601	\$	20,564,149	\$	8,683,900	\$	220,161,850	\$	6,133,995

Note 5 – LONG–TERM DEBT (continued)

Long term liability activity including capital leases for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

		Balance 6/30/07	Additions		Reductions		 Balance 6/30/08		Due Within One Year	
Bonds Payable	\$	141,587,770	\$	10,000,000	\$	4,636,105	\$ 146,951,665	\$	5,391,964	
Notes Payable		61,696,450		2,906,797		2,963,382	61,639,865		3,319,059	
Capital Leases		1,317,609				97,790	 1,219,819		101,342	
Total Liabilities	\$	204,601,829	\$	12,906,797	\$	7,697,277	\$ 209,811,349	\$	8,812,365	
Less Deferred Amounts:										
Issuance discounts/premiur	ns	228,760				34,303	194,457			
Loss on Refunding	_	(1,881,232)				(157,027)	 (1,724,205)			
Total	\$	202,949,357	\$	12,906,797	\$	7,574,553	\$ 208,281,601	\$	8,812,365	

Revenue bonds are collateralized by an irrevocable pledge of income and revenues derived from the operation of the systems and a mortgage lien on the water and sewer systems. The revenues derived from the operation of the respective systems are to be used for the expenses in connection with the administration and operation of the systems. The revenue bonds also require the establishment of the following restricted asset bank accounts (See Schedule 1):

- A. Construction Accounts.
- B. Current Debt Service Accounts for payment of bond principal and interest.
- C. Future Debt Service Accounts a reserve for future payment of principal and interest.
- D. Depreciation and Contingent Fund for restoring depreciated or obsolete fixed assets.
- E. Capitalized Interest Account for payment of bond interest until the project is completed at which time the current debt service will be used to pay principal and interest.
- F. Rebate Account for the estimated liability to the federal government for interest earnings in excess of interest expense on tax-free revenue bonds.

On December 4, 2007, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority issued the 2007 Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond in the amount of \$10,000,000. The proceeds were applied towards the purchase of the Myrtle Beach Water and Wastewater Treatment Plants that took place June 30, 2006.

On June 5, 2008, GSWSA was approved for a note payable to the South Carolina State Budget and Control Board from the South Carolina Water Quality Revolving Fund for \$9,573,418 at an interest rate of 3.25%. The loan will provide proceeds for the upgrade and expansion of the Myrtle Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant. As of June 30, 2009, GSWSA received \$7,075,501. The note becomes payable in quarterly installments of \$163,212 beginning March 1, 2010.

On December 19, 2008, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority issued the 2008 Waterworks and Sewer System Improvement Revenue Bond in the amount of \$10,000,000. The proceeds were applied towards the purchase of the Myrtle Beach Water and Wastewater Treatment Plants that took place June 30, 2006.

On August 29, 2008, GSWSA was approved for a note payable to the South Carolina State Budget and Control Board from the South Carolina Water Quality Revolving Fund for \$3,403,900 at an interest rate of 3.25%. The loan will provide proceeds for the upgrade of the Conway Wastewater Treatment Plant. As of June 30, 2009, GSWSA received \$2,850,281. The note became payable in quarterly installments of \$58,031 on May 1, 2009.

Note 6 – DEBT DEFEASANCE

On February 1, 2002, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority issued Waterworks and Sewer System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 in order to defease the 2003 thru 2007 and 2013 thru 2019 series of the 1992 Refunding Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$36,680,000. U.S. Government Securities were purchased and placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources to fully service the defeased bonds until the debt is called or defeased. As a result the 1992 Refunding Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds series 2003 thur 2007 and 2013 thur 2019 are considered defeased and the Authority has removed the liabilities from its accounts. The unmatured and outstanding principal balance on the defeased bonds at June 30, 2009 and 2008 is \$26,875,000.

Note 7 – NET ASSETS

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net asset amounts were as follows at June 30:

	2009	2008
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt:		
Net property, plant and equipment	\$ 527,025,486	\$ 503,012,202
Less: Revenue bonds payable, net	(150,180,559)	(145,452,897)
Notes payable	(68,890,697)	(61,639,865)
Capital lease payable	(1,090,594)	(1,188,839)
Accounts payable for capital items	(2,247,128)	(4,927,458)
Total	\$ 304,616,508	\$ 289,803,143
Restricted for:		
Capital Projects		
Contingent and Depreciation Fund	\$ 11,218,000	\$ 8,438,584
Capital Projects Fund	5,064,006	6,568,094
Total	\$ 16,282,006	\$ 15,006,678
Debt Service		
Debt Service Fund	\$ 13,146,104	\$ 12,597,459
Less: Accrued Interest	(88,838)	(73,258)
Total	\$ 13,057,266	\$ 12,524,201
Rate Stabilization	\$ 3,196,236	<u>\$ 3,185,705</u>
Unrestricted	\$ 92,792,729	<u>\$ 88,898,786</u>
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 429,944,745</u>	<u>\$ 409,418,513</u>

Note 8 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

All permanent employees participate in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The SCRS was established, effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Benefit provisions and both employee and employer contribution rates are established and amended under authority of Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Annual covered payroll for fiscal years 2009 and 2008 for active members covered by the SCRS was \$11,455,385 and \$10,738,130, respectively. Annual covered payroll for fiscal years 2009 and 2008 for retired members was \$494,158

Note 8 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (continued)

and \$451,488, respectively. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System is issued and publicly available by writing the South Carolina Retirement System, Post Office Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29221-1960.

Benefits of the SCRS are established by the state statutes. The required employer and employee obligations to contribute to the SCRS are 9.39% and 6.50%, respectively for fiscal year 2009 and are 9.21% and 6.50% respectively for fiscal year 2008. All full time employees are covered under the plan beginning with the effective date of employment unless specifically exempted by legislation. Under current statutes, membership in the SCRS is required as a condition of employment. Vesting of the employee portion of contributions occurs following at least 5 years of creditable service. An employee with at least 5 years of service who terminates employment has the right to leave his contribution on deposit in the system and will receive a reduced monthly retirement allowance beginning at age 60 or at age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service reduced 4% for each year of service under 30 years. If a vested member applies for a refund following termination, he or she is eligible for a refund of the total employee contributions plus interest. Member employees who retire at age 65 or after 28 years of credited service are entitled to an annual full service retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 1.70% of the employee's annual average final compensation (average compensation over the last three years of credited service) for each year of credited service. Member employees who are at least 60 years of age may elect early retirement in which case the full service benefit is reduced by 5% for each year the employee's age at retirement is less than 65. In either case, any unrecovered contributions are payable upon death and benefit payments increase 4% each year following an increase in the consumer Price Index of at least 3%. Full service or early retirees may elect other optional methods of benefit distributions, including lump sum distributions, benefit levels coordinated with the retiree's social security benefits and distributions to a named beneficiary. Benefits are fully vested on reaching five years of service. The SCRS also provides death and disability benefits to all member employees.

State statutes determine the levels of contributions required. GSWSA is required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates. SCRS member employees are required to contribute 6.50% of all compensation. GSWSA is required to contribute 9.24% of each member employee's compensation. In addition to the above rates, GSWSA has elected to contribute 0.15% of each member employee's compensation to provide group life insurance benefits for their participants. The contributions to the SCRS for employer and employee portions for 2009 were \$1,122,160 and \$776,720. GSWSA's contributions to the SCRS for the last three years is as follows:

THREE YEAR TREND INFORMATION

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage				
Year	Employer	Contributed				
Ended	Contribution	For Current Year				
June 30, 2007	\$837,950	100%				
June 30, 2008	\$1,030,564	100%				
June 30, 2009	\$1,122,160	100%				

GSWSA provides post-employment healthcare benefits mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and no direct costs are incurred by GSWSA. At June 30, 2009 and 2008, no employees had elected coverage under the Act.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 8 – EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (continued)

GSWSA offers a deferred compensation plan to its employees under a plan administered by the South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission and established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Employees are permitted to defer portions of their salaries until future years. Only upon termination, retirement, disability, death or an approved hardship is the deferred compensation available to an employee.

In 1996, Congress passed new legislation to govern IRC Section 457 plans. Specifically, the new legislation concludes that a plan shall not be treated as an eligible deferred compensation plan unless all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission has modified their plan to comply with the new legislative requirements. GASB Statement No. 32 was issued to address the financial reporting ramifications of the new federal legislation and states that a fiduciary relationship must exist for a governmental entity to report the balances and transactions related to the plan in its financial statements. According to the provisions of the statement, it was determined that a fiduciary relationship did not exist for GSWSA's IRC Section 457 plan.

Note 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description

The Grand Stand Water and Sewer Authority's health care plan is a single-employer defined benefit care plan administered by the Authority. The plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Benefits provisions are established and may be amended by the Authority's Board of Directors. There are no other participating employers in the plan. Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the health care plan. The financial report may be obtain by writing the Chief Financial Officer, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority, P.O. Box 2368, Conway, South Carolina 29528-2368.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements for the health care plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 10 – MAJOR CUSTOMER

During fiscal year 2009, the following customers provided the indicated percentage of GSWSA's combined operating revenues and capital contributions: City of Myrtle Beach 14.8%, City of Conway 4.0%, City of North Myrtle Beach 3.0%, and Little River Water and Sewerage Company 2.1%. No other customers provided more than .8%.

During fiscal year 2008, the following customers provided the indicated percentage of GSWSA's combined operating revenues and capital contributions: City of Myrtle Beach 12.2%, City of North Myrtle Beach 3.3%, City of Conway 3.1%, and Little River Water and Sewerage Company 1.5%. No other customers provided more than .8%.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

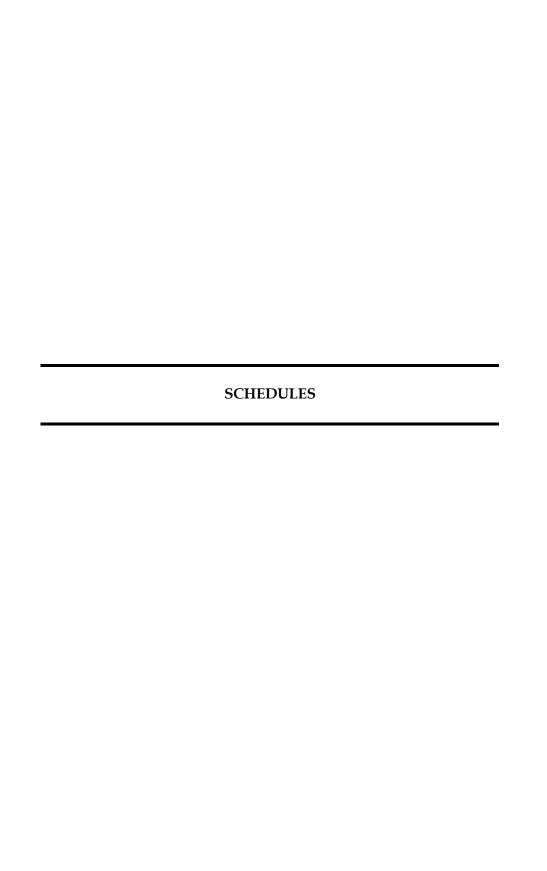
GSWSA is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. To insure against casualty risks GSWSA is a member of the State of South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments in South Carolina. GSWSA pays annual premiums to the State Insurance Reserve Fund for its general insurance. The State Insurance Reserve Fund is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for certain claims.

GSWSA acquires insurance from the State Accident Fund for job related injury and illness (Worker's Compensation) to its employees. Worker's Compensation is insured under a retrospectively rated policy where premiums paid are estimated throughout the year and adjusted subsequent to the policy period based on actual experience. Health insurance, from a private insurer of up to \$2,000,000 of lifetime claims per employee, was in place. General blanket fidelity bond insurance in the amount of \$75,000 per employee was also maintained. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and no settlements have exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007.

During 2009 and 2008, GSWSA did not experience any material uninsured claims. Accordingly, there was no liability or expense recorded for other actual claims and management does not believe any provision for unasserted claims is necessary.

Note 12 – COMMITMENTS

<u>Construction Contracts</u> – In the normal course of business, GSWSA enters into agreements with contractors for the construction and expansion of the system. At June 30, 2009, open contracts for construction totaled approximately \$9,007,484 with \$8,563,497 having been incurred during the year. At June 30, 2008, open contracts for construction totaled approximately \$12,669,095 with \$7,980,036 having been incurred during the year. The remaining commitments at June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$443,986 and \$4,689,059, respectively.



SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS REQUIRED BY REVENUE BOND AND STATE REVOLVING LOAN PROVISIONS

Year Ended June 30, 2009

1991 A State Revolving Loan

		1991 A State	ICCV	orving Loan							
		Βι	irges	S		1992 Revenue Bonds					
	I	Current Debt Service		Future Debt Service		Current Debt Service		Future Debt Service	_	Arbitrage Rebate	
Cash and Investments, Beginning	\$	60	\$	50,097	\$	272,496	\$	3,206,280	\$	123,964	
Cash Receipts											
Transfers From Operating Cash Transfers From Capital Projects		47,312				3,117,760					
Interest Earned Other Transfers		26		2,107		83,516		216,465		488	
Cash Disbursements											
Principle and Interest Payments Renewals and Replacements		(47,398)				(3,194,975)					
Transfers to Operating Cash Transfers to Capital Projects Other Transfers	_			(2,107)					_		
Cash and Investments, Ending	\$	0	\$	50,097	\$	278,797	\$	3,422,745	\$_	124,452	

Note: The Depreciation and Contingency Account is Required by all Indentures. Such Amounts are not Separately Determined for Each Bond Issue.

	1998 State I	Revolv	ing Loan	1999 State Revolving Loan										
	Conway W	WTP	Upgrade		A	ynor			Wampee					
	Current Future			Current		Future		Current		Future				
	Debt Service	<u>I</u>	Debt Service	<u>I</u>	Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service			
\$	9,646	\$	116,601	\$	18,617	\$	110,166	\$	100	\$	104,602			
	113,215				110,030		151		80,029					
	50		4,905		58		4,635		46		4,401			
	(113,455)				(110,317)				(80,175)					
	(,)		(4,905)		(,)		(4,484)		(==,=,=)		(4,400)			
			(4,903)				(4,404)				(4,400)			
•		_		_		_				•				
\$	9,456	\$	116,601	\$	18,388	\$	110,468	\$	0	\$	104,603			

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS REQUIRED BY REVENUE BOND AND STATE REVOLVING LOAN PROVISIONS

Year Ended June 30, 2009

2000 State Revolving Loan

	Buc	ksvill	le	Tip Top				
	Current Debt Service	_	Future Debt Service	Current Debt Service	,	Future Debt Service		
Cash and Investments, Beginning	\$ 371	\$	297,902	\$ 195,461	\$	1,191,729		
Cash Receipts								
Transfers From Operating Cash Transfers From Capital Projects	297,780		417	1,155,225				
Interest Earned	168		12,532	596		50,132		
Other Transfers								
Cash Disbursements								
Principle and Interest Payments	(298,319)			(1,158,226)				
Renewals and Replacements			(12.501)			(50.100)		
Transfers to Operating Cash			(12,531)			(50,130)		
Transfers to Capital Projects Other Transfers								
Onici Italisicis		_						
Cash and Investments, Ending	\$ 0	\$ _	298,320	\$ 193,056	\$	1,191,731		

Note: The Depreciation and Contingency Account is Required by all Indentures. Such Amounts are not Separately Determined for Each Bond Issue.

195,802

	2000 Rev	enue Bonds		Bui	st NI	FM		Schw	artz	Imp.
•	Current	Future		Current		Future		Current		Future
i	Debt Service	Debt Service	<u> </u>	Debt Service I		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service
\$	783,930	\$ 85,390	\$	13,099	\$	81,486	\$	241	\$	195,803
		930,330		77,414				193,251		
	53,172	668		41		3,428		109		8,237
		(938,193)	(77,617)				(193,601)		
	(53,158)					(3,428)				(8,238)

\$ <u>783,944</u> \$ <u>78,195</u> \$ <u>12,937</u> \$ <u>81,486</u> \$ <u>0</u> \$

2001 State Revolving Loan

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS REQUIRED BY REVENUE BOND AND STATE REVOLVING LOAN PROVISIONS

Year Ended June 30, 2009

	2001		2002 State Revolving Loan										
	Revenue Bond	Сс	nwa	y		Vereen							
	Current				Future		Current		Future				
	Debt Service	•	Debt Service	=	Debt Service		Debt Service	=	Debt Service				
Cash and Investments, Beginning	\$ 308,587	\$	59,468	\$	356,477	\$	86,176	\$	519,901				
Cash Receipts													
Transfers From Operating Cash			351,469				509,325						
Transfers From Capital Projects	3,310,893												
Interest Earned	50,176		182		14,996		263		21,872				
Other Transfers													
Cash Disbursements													
Principle and Interest Payments	(3,359,515)		(352,383)				(510,648)						
Renewals and Replacements													
Transfers to Operating Cash					(14,995)				(21,870)				
Transfers to Capital Projects Other Transfers		_		_				_					
Cash and Investments, Ending	\$ 310,141	\$	58,736	\$	356,478	\$	85,116	\$	519,903				

Note: The Depreciation and Contingency Account is Required by all Indentures. Such Amounts are not Separately Determined for Each Bond Issue.

	2002 State I	ing Loan	R	2002 evenue Bonds		2004A WWTP Exp	2001A MBCH			
•	Current		Future		Current		Current		Future	Current
	Debt Service	_I	Debt Service	_	Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service	Debt Service
\$	21	\$	31,593	\$	124,753	\$	\$ 33,348		392,450	\$ 191,353
	16,198				1,456,347		391,413			1,135,091
	9		1,329		21,463		171		16,239	584
	(16,228)				(1,476,512)		(392,241)			(1,137,437)
			(1,329)						(16,441)	
•		_		_						
\$	0	\$	31,593	\$	126,051	\$	32,691	\$	392,248	\$ 189,591

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS REQUIRED BY REVENUE BOND AND STATE REVOLVING LOAN PROVISIONS

Year Ended June 30, 2009

	2001A MBCH	20011	3 Ml	ВСН	2006 Reve	enue Bonds
	Future Debt Service	Current Debt Service		Future Debt Service	Current Debt Service	Future Debt Service
Cash and Investments, Beginning	\$ 1,171,814	31,423	\$	192,430	\$ 696,004	889,647
Cash Receipts Transfers From Operating Cash Transfers From Capital Projects Interest Earned Other Transfers	4,547	186,400 96		749	1,834,765 3,406	3,435
Cash Disbursements Principle and Interest Payments Renewals and Replacements Transfers to Operating Cash Transfers to Capital Projects Other Transfers	(34,377)	(186,785)		(5,646)	(1,734,059)	(35,817)
Cash and Investments, Ending	\$ 1,141,984	31,134	\$	187,533	\$ 800,116	857,265

Note: The Depreciation and Contingency Account is Required by all Indentures. Such Amounts are not Separately Determined for Each Bond Issue.

Schwartz WWTP Expansion - Phase II Current Debt Service	Uŗ	2008 MB WTP ograde/Expan Future Debt Service		2 onway WTP Oc Current Oebt Service		ntrol Upgrade Future Debt Service		2008 evenue Bonds Current Debt Service	Bull Creek Depreciation & Contingency
\$ 549	\$	653,424	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 2,239,066
835,600 478		1,896		96,831		232,185		179,200	404,084
(836,627)		,		(58,099)				(151,200)	(165,862)
\$ 0	<u> </u>	655,320	<u> </u>	38,732	-	232,394	<u> </u>	28,000	\$ 2,477,288

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SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS REQUIRED BY REVENUE BOND AND STATE REVOLVING LOAN PROVISIONS

Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Depreciation & Contingency	Total
Cash and Investments, Beginning	6,199,518	\$ 21,036,043
Cash Receipts Transfers From Operating Cash	3,225,969	16,784,540
Transfers From Capital Projects	3,223,707	3,504,144
Interest Earned		587,880
Other Transfers		0
Cash Disbursements		
Principle and Interest Payments		(16,429,656)
Renewals and Replacements	(684,775)	(850,637)
Transfers to Operating Cash		(268,210)
Transfers to Capital Projects		0
Other Transfers		0
Cash and Investments, Ending	8,740,712	\$ 24,364,104

Note: The Depreciation and Contingency Account is Required by all Indentures. Such Amounts are not Separately Determined for Each Bond Issue.

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES BY DEPARTMENT Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

	_	2009	 2008
Water Plants			
Personnel Services	\$	2,265,987	\$ 1,999,394
Contractual Services		2,615,276	2,328,624
Supplies and Materials		4,942,269	2,816,255
Business and Travel Expenses		6,723	15,926
Other Expenses		1,634,106	1,441,680
Departmental Tranfers		495,865	317,186
Total Water Plants	\$	11,960,226	\$ 8,919,065
Water Systems			
Personnel Services	\$	2,274,050	\$ 2,108,054
Contractual Services		1,054,145	1,083,415
Supplies and Materials		1,789,711	2,667,461
Business and Travel Expenses		11,012	10,538
Other Expenses		3,950	 2,494
Total Water Systems	\$	5,132,868	\$ 5,871,962
Total Water	\$	17,093,094	\$ 14,791,027
Wastewater Plants			
Personnel Services	\$	4,377,166	\$ 3,918,139
Contractual Services		4,093,697	3,251,782
Supplies and Materials		2,136,428	2,314,062
Business and Travel Expenses		19,081	17,606
Other Expenses		64,245	64,481
Departmental Transfers		1,122,240	 1,426,723
Total Wastewater Plants	\$	11,812,857	\$ 10,992,793
Wastewater Systems			
Personnel Services	\$	1,848,894	\$ 1,584,791
Contractual Services		3,428,625	2,686,390
Supplies and Materials		972,583	1,077,383
Business and Travel Expenses			
Other Expenses		10,558	 13,658
Total Wastewater Systems	\$	6,260,660	\$ 5,362,222
Total Wastewater	\$	18,073,517	\$ 16,355,015

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES BY DEPARTMENT Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

	_	2009	_	2008
General Administration				
Personnel Services	\$	617,215	\$	566,197
Contractual Services		235,464		351,339
Supplies and Materials		35,678		42,310
Business and Travel Expenses		64,238		66,815
Other Expenses		471,458		293,628
Total General Administration	\$	1,424,053	\$	1,320,289
Planning, Engineering, and Construction				
Personnel Services	\$	1,668,880	\$	1,512,814
Contractual Services		143,734		61,788
Supplies and Materials		95,654		125,080
Business and Travel Expenses		11,380		16,846
Other Expenses		325		460
Total Planning, Engineering, and Construction	\$	1,919,973	\$	1,716,988
Financial Services				
Personnel Services	\$	1,879,038	\$	1,714,330
Contractual Services		991,895		878,989
Supplies and Materials		155,713		156,391
Business and Travel Expenses		38,313		23,680
Other Expenses		44,869	_	69,116
Total Financial Services	\$	3,109,828	\$	2,842,506
High Tech Turf Farm				
Personnel Services	\$	1,140,903	\$	1,040,127
Contractual Services		277,329		242,211
Supplies and Materials		459,986		587,666
Business and Travel Expenses		4,404		4,022
Other Expenses		75		13
Departmental Tranfers		(1,618,104)	_	(1,743,909)
Total High Tech Turf Farm	\$	264,593	\$	130,130
Depreciation	\$_	19,860,538	\$_	17,400,238
Total Operating Expenses	\$_	61,745,596	\$	54,556,193

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information says about it's overall financial health. Except where noted, the information in these schedules is derived from Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002; schedules presenting information from the basic financial statements begin in that year.

Financial Trends (*Schedules 1 through 6*) - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (*Schedules 7 through 11*) - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's ability to generate water and sewer charges.

Debt Capacity (*Schedules 12 and 13*) - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's current levels of outstanding debt and their ability to issue additional debt in the future.

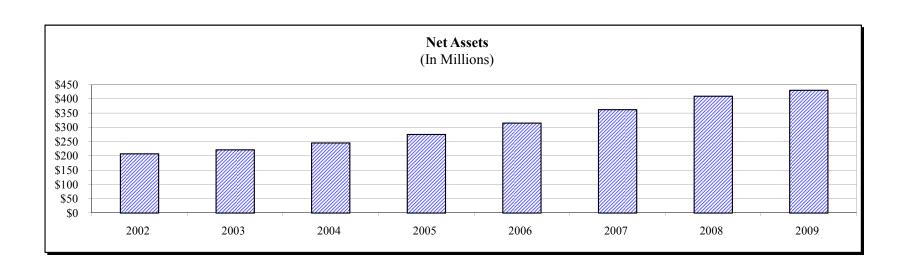
Demographic and Economic Information (Schedule 14) - This schedule offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other special districts.

Operating Information (*Schedules 15 and 16*) - These schedules contain information about Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's operations and resources to help the reader understand how Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's financial information relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs.

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Eight Fiscal Years

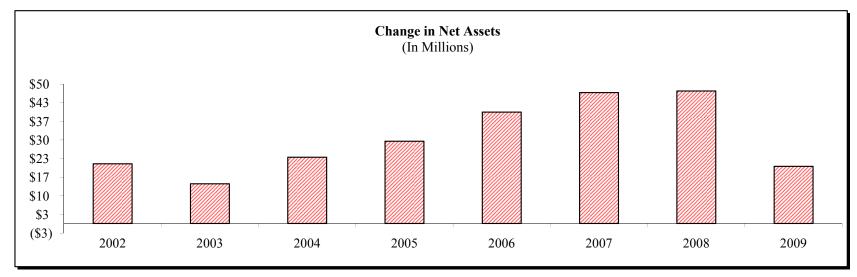
	_	Fiscal Year													
		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008	2009
Primary government Invested in capital assets.															
net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	135,897,902 30,455,007 41,003,053	\$	139,201,792 29,910,278 52,519,542	\$	150,944,404 29,089,789 65,396,725	\$	162,579,976 27,535,216 84,837,573	\$	204,870,843 25,980,196 84,059,592	\$	249,401,693 30,231,725 82,256,132	\$	289,803,143 30,716,584 88,898,786	\$ 304,616,508 32,535,508 92,792,729
Total primary government net assets	\$	207,355,962	\$	221,631,612	\$	245,430,918	\$	274,952,765	\$	314,910,631	\$	361,889,550	\$	409,418,513	\$ 429,944,745



Schedule 2
GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Eight Fiscal Years

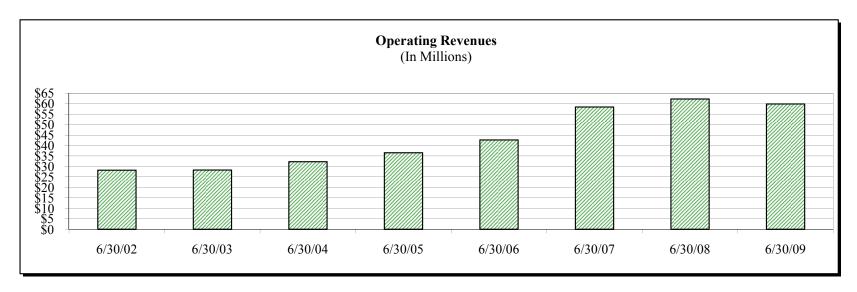
F	iscal Year Ended	_	Operating Revenues	_	Operating Expenses	<u>I</u>	Operating ncome/(Loss)	_	Total Nonoperating Revenues/ (Expenses)	Income/(Loss) before Capital Contributions	_	Capital Contributions	_	Change in Net Assets
	2002	\$	28,278,460	\$	25,889,161	\$	2,389,299	\$	(1,344,319)	\$ 1,044,980	\$	20,376,731	\$	21,421,711
	2003		28,333,122		28,811,049		(477,927)		(2,043,681)	(2,521,608)		16,797,258		14,275,650
	2004		32,275,269		31,759,362		515,907		(4,376,695)	(3,860,788)		27,660,094		23,799,306
	2005		36,571,027		33,591,329		2,979,698		(2,758,266)	221,432		29,300,325		29,521,757
	2006		42,668,707		39,729,593		2,939,114		(1,210,337)	1,728,777		38,229,179		39,957,956
}	2007		58,417,958		50,960,722		7,457,236		(2,823,384)	4,633,852		42,345,067		46,978,919
	2008		62,262,174		54,556,193		7,705,981		(1,485,332)	6,220,649		41,308,314		47,528,963
	2009		59,871,610		61,745,596		(1,873,986)		(2,797,844)	(4,671,830)		25,198,062		20,526,232



Schedule 3
GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

OPERATING REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Eight Fiscal Years

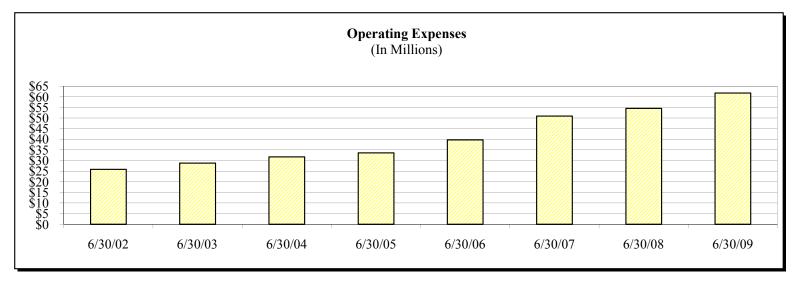
_	Fiscal Year Ended	Water & Sewer Volume & Availabiltiy Fees	_	Customer Charges	_	Surface Water Charges	_	SWTP Contract Water Consumption	_	Tap Fees	_	Sod Sales	_	Other Revenue	_	Total Operating Revenue
	6/30/02	\$ 17,010,676	\$	1,690,938	\$	4,066,260	\$	2,038,898	\$	974,919	\$	556,470	\$	1,940,299	\$	28,278,460
	6/30/03	17,303,689		1,829,192		4,223,574		1,697,260		991,121		581,316		1,706,970		28,333,122
	6/30/04	19,593,043		2,018,543		4,531,216		1,945,376		1,326,101		714,309		2,146,681		32,275,269
	6/30/05	21,033,852		2,215,852		4,904,977		2,150,031		2,531,547		768,556		2,966,212		36,571,027
	6/30/06	24,318,246		2,558,681		5,389,236		2,330,268		3,124,707		755,339		4,192,230		42,668,707
- 61	6/30/07	40,342,471		2,675,095		5,713,617		2,316,629		2,257,100		631,570		4,481,476		58,417,958
ī	6/30/08	44,731,026		2,868,056		6,021,758		2,453,313		1,478,545		503,312		4,206,164		62,262,174
	6/30/09	44,176,090		2,915,411		6,194,359		2,484,055		764,006		441,672		2,896,017		59,871,610



Schedule 4
GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

OPERATING EXPENSES Last Eight Fiscal Years

I	Fiscal Year Ended	 Personnel Costs	 Contractual Services	_	Supplies and Materials	_	Business and Travel	_	Depreciation	 Other Expenses	 Total Operating Expenses
	6/30/02	\$ 5,860,665	\$ 4,391,714	\$	4,020,883	\$	70,946	\$	9,937,536	\$ 1,607,417	\$ 25,889,161
	6/30/03	7,118,937	4,813,566		4,354,951		110,841		10,948,323	1,464,431	28,811,049
	6/30/04	7,512,449	5,944,673		4,624,503		65,029		11,895,849	1,716,859	31,759,362
	6/30/05	8,325,391	5,580,116		5,258,876		96,632		12,538,491	1,791,823	33,591,329
	6/30/06	8,958,676	8,545,559		7,021,438		60,561		13,323,239	1,820,120	39,729,593
	6/30/07	12,562,364	10,925,712		9,951,269		110,575		15,363,404	2,047,398	50,960,722
- 62 .	6/30/08	14,443,846	10,885,255		9,785,172		156,152		17,400,238	1,885,530	54,556,193
•	6/30/09	16,072,133	12,840,165		10,588,022		155,152		19,860,538	2,229,586	61,745,596



Schedule 5
GRAND STRAND WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	•	Investment Income	_	Other Revenue	_	Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Asset	·	Amortization of Deferred Bond Costs	_	Interest Expense	_	Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)
6/30/02	\$	4,232,862	\$		\$	120,624	\$	(173,579)	\$	(5,524,226)	\$	(1,344,319)
6/30/03		5,062,406				63,772		(131,788)		(7,038,071)		(2,043,681)
6/30/04		2,649,777				83,531		(97,313)		(7,012,690)		(4,376,695)
6/30/05		4,760,648				(142,859)		(102,251)		(7,273,804)		(2,758,266)
6/30/06		3,311,395		4,057,942		(541,197)		(102,251)		(7,936,226)		(1,210,337)
6/30/07		6,200,184				48,862		(111,962)		(8,960,468)		(2,823,384)
6/30/08		8,128,067				(1,037)		(113,717)		(9,498,645)		(1,485,332)
6/30/09		6,962,758				(51,610)		(122,554)		(9,586,438)		(2,797,844)

Schedule 6
GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

ANNUAL CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY SOURCE Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	<u>(</u>	SWTP Capacity Fees	_	Government Grants	_	Customer Impact Fees	<u>(</u>	Developer Contributions	_	Total
6/30/02	\$	2,040,496	\$	450,515	\$	9,591,659	\$	8,294,061	\$	20,376,731
6/30/03		2,010,464		1,446,361		5,017,572		8,322,861		16,797,258
6/30/04		2,029,308		1,571,037		13,615,301		10,444,448		27,660,094
6/30/05		1,918,047		284,906		11,544,330		15,553,042		29,300,325
6/30/06		1,970,844				13,912,826		22,345,509		38,229,179
6/30/07		1,970,844				9,827,621		30,546,602		42,345,067
6/30/08		1,961,592				6,953,139		32,393,583		41,308,314
6/30/09		1,985,592		757,542		3,614,012		18,840,916		25,198,062

Schedule 7
GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

WATER PRODUCED AND CONSUMED AND WASTEWATER TREATED Last Eight Fiscal Years

Total Direct Rate Gallons of Gallons of Gallons of Gallons of Water Average Sewer Water Fiscal Year Water Water Percent Wastewater Base Usage Base Usage Ended Produced Unbilled Treated Consumed Unbilled Rate Rate Rate Rate 6/30/02 7,283 7,006 277 3.80% 4,723 9.52 \$ 1.06 7.05 \$ \$ 1.55 6/30/03 6,929 6,357 572 8.26% 5,031 9.52 1.06 7.05 1.55 6/30/04 7,569 7.27% 5,480 7,019 550 9.58 1.10 7.11 1.65 6/30/05 7,524 6,705 10.89% 5,479 9.58 1.10 7.11 1.65 819 8.11 6/30/06 8,632 7,815 9.46% 1.10 1.70 817 6,045 9.58 6/30/07 1,322 8.51% 8,775 9.58 1.10 8.11 1.70 15,536 14,214 6/30/08 16,140 15,625 515 3.19% 9,325 9.90 1.15 8.90 1.75 6/30/09 14,909 2.89% 9,925 9.90 8.90 1.75 14,478 431 1.15

Schedule 8

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

ANNUAL TAPS SOLD Last Eight Fiscal Years

	Water		
Fiscal Year Ended	Meter Taps Sold	Sewer Taps Sold	Total Taps Sold
6/30/02	546	280	826
6/30/03	541	271	812
6/30/04	595	278	873
6/30/05	705	257	962
6/30/06	784	238	1,022
6/30/07	837	243	1,080
6/30/08	525	195	720
6/30/09	314	162	476

Schedule 9
GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

NUMBER OF WATER AND SEWER CUSTOMERS BY TYPE Last Eight Fiscal Years

												Total	
Fis	scal Year		Water Only			Sewer Only			Water & Sewer		Water	Sewer	Water &
	Ended	Retail	Wholesale	Other	Retail	Wholesale	Other	Retail	Wholesale	Other	Only	Only	Sewer
(6/30/02	6,153	8	20	3,061	8	26	33,188	-	1	6,181	3,095	33,189
(6/30/03	6,301	8	22	3,184	8	26	35,186	-	1	6,331	3,218	35,187
(6/30/04	6,528	8	22	3,426	8	26	38,116	-	1	6,558	3,460	38,117
(6/30/05	6,752	8	20	3,741	8	27	42,742	-	-	6,780	3,776	42,742
(6/30/06	7,041	8	19	4,137	8	27	47,654	-	-	7,068	4,172	47,654
- 67	6/30/07	7,393	10	19	4,471	8	26	50,883	-	-	7,422	4,505	50,883
1	6/30/08	7,937	10	19	4,752	7	27	52,223	-	-	7,966	4,786	52,223
(6/30/09	8,084	10	49	4,899	21	23	52,249	-	-	8,143	4,943	52,249

Schedule 10 GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

WATER AND SEWER RATES Last Eight Fiscal Years

	Wate	er	Sewer			
Fiscal Year Ended	Base Rate	Usage Rate	Base Rate	Usage Rate		
6/30/02	9.52	1.06	7.05	1.55		
6/30/03	9.52	1.06	7.05	1.55		
6/30/04	9.58	1.10	7.11	1.65		
6/30/05	9.58	1.10	7.11	1.65		
6/30/06	9.58	1.10	8.11	1.70		
6/30/07	9.58	1.10	8.11	1.70		
6/30/08	9.90	1.15	8.90	1.75		
6/30/09	9.90	1.15	8.90	1.75		

Schedule 11 GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

TEN LARGEST CUSTOMERS Current Year and Seven Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2009

		F 13	scar rear 2009		
	 Water		Sewer		
Customer	 Revenue		Revenue	_	Total
City of Myrtle Beach	\$ 6,295,088	\$	6,361,414	\$	12,656,502
City of Conway	2,334,691		1,073,716		3,408,407
City of North Myrtle Beach	2,293,639		272,421		2,566,060
Little River Water and Sewerage Company	909,827		865,201		1,775,028
City of Loris	208,606		399,985		608,591
Ocean Lakes Utilities	165,647		259,816		425,463
Georgetown County Water and Sewer Authority	193,752		82,602		276,354
Myrtle Beach Resort	134,101		117,434		251,535
Ocean Side Village	140,833		107,692		248,525
Springmaid Beach Resort	98,294		98,596		196,890

Fiscal Year 2002

		1 1,	scar rear 2002	
	Water		Sewer	
Customer	 Revenue		Revenue	Total
City of Conway	\$ 1,974,470	\$	498,588	2,473,058
Little River Water and Sewerage Company	730,560		313,864	1,044,424
City of Myrtle Beach	1,041,794			1,041,794
Ocean Lakes Campground	124,823		154,883	279,706
Georgetown County Water and Sewer Authority	189,250		82,320	271,570
Oceanside Village	139,920		88,871	228,791
Conway Hospital	76,722		92,179	168,901
Pirateland Campground	93,206		74,831	168,037
Springmaid Beach	74,087		90,364	164,451
Town of Loris	152,299			152,299

Schedule 12

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Eight Fiscal Years

Total Fiscal Year Revenue Revolving Per Ended Bonds Notes Fund Loans Capita Amount 6/30/02 \$ 123,761,717 \$ 111,022 \$ 34,155,286 \$ 158,028,025 \$ 780 6/30/03 132,034,514 60,224 35,499,152 167,593,890 804 6/30/04 129,868,954 47,247 27,086,587 157,002,788 733 6/30/05 127,404,847 32,971 38,030,781 165,468,599 751 6/30/06 125,024,902 17,268 55,644,921 180,687,091 799 6/30/07 141,587,770 61,696,450 203,284,220 876 6/30/08 146,951,664 61,639,865 208,591,529 899 6/30/09 151,559,700 68,890,697 220,450,397 856

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Last Eight Fiscal Years

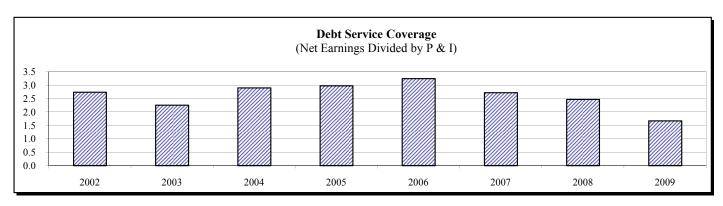
(In Thousands)

Net Earnings

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available for	D	ebt Se	rvice Requiremen	ts ⁽³⁾		
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Debt Service	Principle	-	Interest	_	Total	Coverage (4)
2002	\$ 44,144	\$ 15,897	\$ 28,247	\$ 3,651	\$	6,649	\$	10,300	2.74
2003	40,816	17,862	22,954	3,240		6,939		10,179	2.26
2004	50,884	19,863	31,021	3,745		6,955		10,700	2.90
2005	54,650	21,052	33,598	4,079		7,204		11,283	2.98
2006	65,380	26,406	38,974	4,117		7,883		12,000	3.25
2007	76,465	35,597	40,868	6,105		8,910		15,015	2.72
2008	79,304	37,156	42,148	7,599		9,462		17,061	2.47
2009	72,434	41,885	30,549	8,705		9,572		18,277	1.67

⁽¹⁾ Total Revenues Include Impact Fees and SWTP Treatment Capacity, and Excludes Developer Contributions.

(3) Includes Principle and Interest of Revenue bonds and State Revolving



Loans Only.

⁽²⁾ Total Operating Expenses Excluding Depreciation and Certain Other Adjustments.

⁽⁴⁾ Equals Net Earnings Divided by P&I. Bond Resolution was Adopted During 2002, Changing the Minimum Coverage From 1.2 to 1.1.

Schedule 14

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (Thousands of Dollars) (1)	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽¹⁾
1999	178,550	592,975	19,220	33.8	4.25
2000	196,629	712,311	23,088	36.9	3.76
2001	202,528	712,311	23,088	38.3	4.86
2002	208,427	716,198	23,214	38.3	5.48
2003	214,326	719,314	23,315	38.3	4.64
2004	220,225	758,466	24,584	38.3	6.00
2005	226,124	779,506	25,266	38.3	5.30
2006	232,023	779,506	25,266	38.3	5.40
2007	237,922	779,506	25,266	37.1	5.20
2008	257,380	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Sources: Myrtle Beach and South Carolina Grand Strand Demographic Profile, South Carolina Statistical Abstract and Places Rated Almanac.

NA - Not Available

⁽¹⁾ Data presented is Horry County statistics.

Schedule 15 GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES BY IDENTIFIABLE ACTIVITY Last Eight Fiscal Years

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Water								
Water Plant Operations	14	14	15	14	13	24	23	23
Water Plant Maintenance	1	1	13	2	2	8	6	6
Water Systems Maintenance	16	18	17	17	17	15	15	15
Water Systems Operations	11	10	11	12	13	13	25	28
C								
Sewer	16	10	10	10	10	22	20	20
Sewer Plant Operations Sewer Plant Maintenance	16	18	18	18	18	32	39	39
	1	1	1	2	4	11	12	13
Sewer Systems Maintenance	30	34	33	34	35	38	36	38
Biosolid / Sludge Disposal								
Operations	14	16	16	16	18	22	25	23
Engineering / Inspection / Construction								
Engineering	12	13	12	12	7	15	16	16
Inspections	5	5	4	5	6	7	7	7
Construction	16	16	16	16	16	17	19	23
Administration								
Billing / Customer Service	12	13	13	14	15	16	16	18
Meter Reading	12	12	13	13	8	9	0	0
Human Resources	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance and Accounting	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6
Purchasing	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Information Systems	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	4
Executive Administration	7	7	7	7	14	6	5	3
Fleet / Facilities Management								5
Total	179	191	190	195	199	247	260	273

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA June 30, 2009

Sewer System Facts

	2009	2008
<u>Use of Sewer</u>		
Sewer Customers, End of Period	57,192	57,009
Average Daily Consumption (Millions of Gallons)	27.19	28.76
Estimated Daily use per Person (Gallons)	100	100
Sewer sales for Fiscal Year (Billions of Gallons)	9.93	9.33
System Facilities		
Total Miles of Sewer Lines	1,448 *	1,281
Number of Treatment Plants	9	9
Number of Pumping Stations	536	512
Number of Residential Effluent Pumping Stations	427	418
Number of Residential Grinder Pumping Stations	4,215	4,020

* Force Main	744
Gravity	704
	1448

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA June 30, 2009

Water System Facts

	2009	2008
<u>Use of Water</u>		
Water Customers, End of Period	60,392	60,189
Average Daily Consumption (Millions of Gallons)	39.67	42.81
Estimated Daily use per Person (Gallons)	100	100
Water sales for Fiscal Year (Billions of Gallons)	14.48 *	15.63
System Facilities		
Reservoirs	19 **	17
Storage Capacity (Millions of Gallons)	22.00 **	21.55
Auxiliary Deep Water Wells	33	33
Total Miles of Distribution Lines	1,514	1,402
Fire Hydrants	5,649	5,391

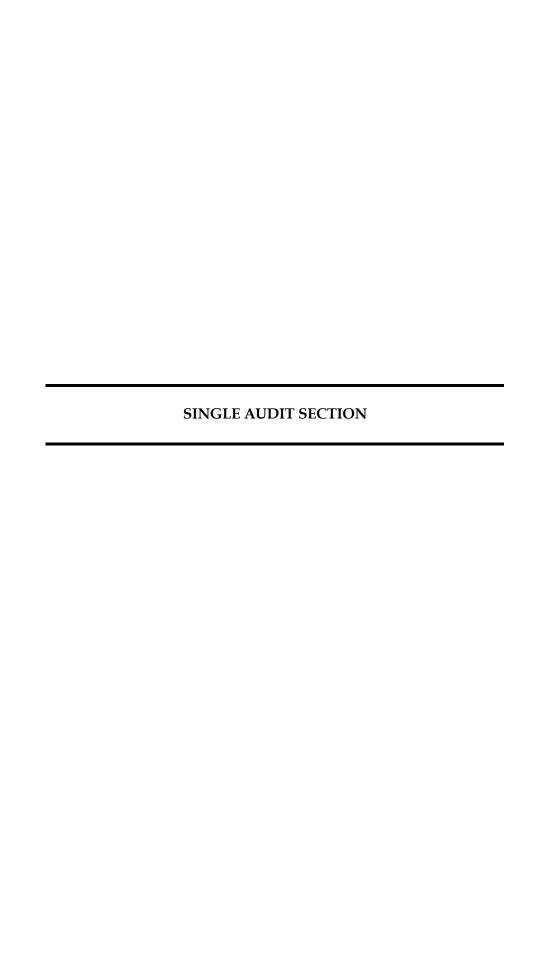
^{*} Includes SWTP Participant Sales

^{**} Includes SWTP Storage Tanks

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA June 30, 2009

Year Established	June 2, 1971
Type of Government Entity	Special Purpose District
Governing Body	Board of Directors (9)
Service Area	1,208 Square Miles
Number of Employees Salary	47
Hourly	222
Total	269



SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:				
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Passed through S.C Budget and Control Board South Carolina Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund	66.458	Myrtle Beach WWTP Upgrade and Expansion	1-114-08-381-66 \$	2,707,225
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Passed through S.C Budget and Control Board South Carolina Water Pollution Revolving Fund	66.458	Schwartz Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion - Phase II	1-103-06-381-63	288,153
U.S. Department of Homeland Security / Federal Emergency Management Agency Pre-disaster Mitigation Grant Program Passed through the South Carolina Emergency Management Division	97.017	Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program	EMA-2007-PC-0008	257,560
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,252,938

Note 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenses of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority

We have audited the financial statements of the business activity and the aggregate fund information of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Trusted Advisors For Over 50 Years

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of directors and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SMITH SAPP BOOKHOUT CRUMPLER & CALLIHAM

Professional Association

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Myrtle Beach, South Carolina September 23, 2009



Professional Association Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors
Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009. Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of directors and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SMITH SAPP BOOKHOUT CRUMPLER & CALLIHAM

Professional Association

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

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Myrtle Beach, South Carolina September 23, 2009

GRAND STRAND WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2009

Summary of Auditors' Results

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority.
- 2. No significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed during the audit of the basic financial statements of the Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements of the Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award program are reported in the report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award program of the Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority expresses an unqualified opinion on the major federal program.
- 6. There are no audit findings for the major program, which are required to be reported.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was:
 - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds CFDA No. 66.458
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing between type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The Authority qualified as a low risk auditee.

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

None